Col Parmeas T. Turnely
584 Wabash avenue, Chicago - (Dem)

THE DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE.

By M. C. GALLAWAY & Co. MEMPHIS, SUNDAY, MARCH 29, 1868. (Volume Eleven—Number 68.

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

The White Man's Platform.

I hold that this Government was made on the white basis, by white men, for the benefit of white men and their posterity forever, and should be administered by white men, and none others. I do not believe that the Almighty made the negro capable of self government.—*Stephen A. Douglas.*

Hear President LINCOLN in reply:

I AM NOT, NOR EVER HAVE BEEN, IN FAVOR OF MAKING VOTERS OR JURORS OF NEGROES, nor of qualifying them to hold office, nor intermarrying them with white people, and I will say, in addition to this, that there is a PHYSICAL DIFFERENCE between the white and black race, which, I believe, *will forever forbid the two races living together on terms of social and political equality*—and, inasmuch as they cannot so live, while they do remain together, there must be a position of superior and inferior, and I, as much as any other man, am in favor of having the SUPERIOR POSITION ASSIGNED TO THE WHITE RACE.

Convention warrants are worth seventy-five cents in Jackson, Mississippi.

A pious couple were married in Nashville Thursday night at a prayer meeting.

Dr. Luke Blackburn, of Memphis, is visiting Louisville.

Holly Springs, Mississippi, is to have gas works. The pipes are already laid on the streets.

"Yuba Dam" says he is willing to embrace the doctrine of woman's rights—also those who preach it.

Captain James P. Brownlow has been appointed Superintendent of the Noxville and Kentucky railroad.

Since the first day of January, 1867, forty-nine persons have been sent to the penitentiary from Knox county.

General Joe Cooper has been nominated as Congressman from the State of Tennessee at large.

Petitions to the Commons in opposition to Gladstone's resolutions on the Irish question, are being circulated, and are receiving many signatures.

George Brown, a desperado who left Tennessee a year ago for committing a foul murder, was killed himself, in Salem county, Missouri, while attempting to kill an entire family with whom he was living.

Colonel Waters, General Claim Commissioner, will forward blanks to a number of counties, and the loyal indemnity machine will be in full blast by the middle of next week.

Brignoli, the great tenor, has composed a new symphony called the Sailor's Dream, which has been enthusiastically received by the art critics of new York. The melody is said to be very beautiful.

Dr. James Fulton, of Morristown, East Tennessee, has in his office a kitten with eight legs, two tails, two under jaws and two tongues, all of which are perfectly formed, and exhibit a queer freak of dame nature.

George Francis Train was arrested in Dublin on the 3d instant, for a debt which he contracted with an English firm some years ago (eight hundred and ninety pounds sterling). He was placed in jail, and from his cell indicts jubilant letters to the New York *World*.

The death of Lord Byron is announced. He was born in 1789, and was the son of Captain George Anson Byron, Royal Navy. He entered the navy when he was only eleven years old, and succeeded to the title at the death of his cousin, *the* Lord Byron, in 1824.

A number of the Mississippi papers denounce the advertising agency of E. C. Wharton & Co., of New Orleans, as a swindling machine. E. Overall & Co., of thesame place, are said to be no better. Pass all such swindlers around.

A letter from the Chairman of the Connecticut Democratic Committee says English will be elected by a handsome majority, and we will carry the Legislature. Kelley, of Pennsylvania, concedes the election of English, but claims the Legislature.

Every Afternoon is the name of a new literary evening paper just started in New York. It is a handsome quarto, filled with admirable selections, sparkling editorials and entertaining news summaries. John R. Thompson, Esq., of Virginia, the distinguished poet, and whilom editor of the *Southern Literary Messenger*, is one of the editors.

The sad news comes to us from across the Atlantic of the death of that princely gentleman, Benjamin Ogle Tayloe, the "Viator" of the *Turf, Field and Farm*. He died in Rome, Italy, on the 25th of February last, of paralysis, the result of a disease of the heart, under which he has been suffering for several years.

Certain orders from "these headquarters" specify that the polls in Georgia, pending the election, shall be "kept open, from day to day, at the discretion of the general commanding." The knowing ones among the Radicals are reported as saying that "Bullock will be elected, if it takes six weeks of voting to accomplish it."

Dr. A. J. Foard, formerly Surgeon in the United States Army, and more recently Medical Director of the Confederate Army of Tennessee, and Professor in the Washington Medical College at Baltimore, died in Charleston, South Carolina, on the 18th instant. Dr. Foard was born and raised in Baldwin county, Georgia, and was in his forty-third year at the time of his death.

The "senior editor" of the Knoxville *Whig*, with one foot on the shores of Hades, and the other following close after, pauses to look back and issue an order to the Union Leagues of Tennessee to disperse, and, "if needs be," exterminate, the Ku-Klux Klan. He assures his minions protection in anything they may do. Such assurance was scarcely necessary, as the Governors of the State are pardoning dozens of Radical convicts from the penitentiary every week. This is the second time Brownlow has come out semi-officially and ordered his mobs to murder, burn and pillage. Just after the war he turned them loose in East Tennessee, and scores of men were shot down in cold blood, or hung by infuriated crowds. No wonder, then, that this champion [illegible] of all pandemonium is afraid of the Ku-Klux, if they are Confederate ghosts, for he will have to meet whole regiments of them at the great bar where he is shortly to be impeached, if the Bible be true.

Memphis as a Manufacturing City.

The readers of the AVALANCHE will read with interest the communication of "Dixie." In discussing questions involving the material interests of Memphis, no man possesses more sterling qualities of head and heart than "Dixie." The AVALANCHE will use all its power in restoring peace and prosperity to over-taxed Tennessee, and the cry of personalities or of personal invectives raised by Radicals, comes from adventurers, who neither spin nor sew, but who live solely upon official theft, peculation and oppression. To the workingmen of the country we have to say, that we are the enemies of all who seek to degrade the white men to a level with the negro, and we are personally and politically the foe of every man who advocates the enfranchisement of the negro and the disfranchisement of the white man.

EDITORS AVALANCHE: These are some of the unequalled advantages possessed by Memphis as a manufacturing city: First, then, her salubrious climate, as evinced by her mortuary reports, as compared with St. Louis, Louisville or Cincinnati, those great centers of trade and manufactures. In point of health we have a large percentage in our favor. Or, to make it more plain, the *pro rata* of death out of every thousand souls is nearly fifteen per cent. greater in those three cities than it is with us. And if this has been the fact heretofore, with our mud and garbage on our streets—with no sewerage except what nature has given us (and we have greatly obstructed that)—how much more favorable to health must our city be when our streets are all paved and our system of sewerage completed. Second—The less quantity of food required to sustain life in a mild climate for both man and beast. Cold climates require at least one-half more to each individual. Then take into account clothing and fuel for those long dreary winter months, where ice and snow exist from four to six months, and compare with our six weeks of winter. Or, let me state a fact: In my yard we had roses in bloom in the open air in December, and now we have roses in bloom on the same bushes in March. What more delightful climate on the earth! We have had cold weather enough to cure meats and purify the air; the ground has been frozen from five to six inches in depth; but to-day, and for the last month, it has been spring flowers everywhere, nature putting on her gayest attire, while those rival cities north of us are ice-bound still in winter, still needing overcoats, flannels, and furs. Third, then, as to cheap food, it ought to be cheaper here than at any point north of us. There are but two articles that I know of that will not do as well with us as in any other section of our common country; those are potatoes (Irish) and cabbage. Both will grow as luxuriantly here as anywhere. But as yet, we have not been able to preserve them as well as in higher latitudes. But we can, and do grow beets, parsnips, onions, and all other vegetables used for food by both man and beast, in great profusion; and as for yams, or sweet potatoes, one acre well tilled will produce from four to eight hundred bushels per acre. I have seen gathered some three years before the war, from the ground known as the Beauregard Lot, a little over eight hundred bushels to the acre of sweet potatoes, and sold at forty cents per bushel. Onions will grow from three to five hundred bushels to the acre; peas, beans, pumpkins, and melons of all kinds, all grow in great abundance, and can be furnished in our markets at less rates than anywhere North and East of us. Milk, butter, lamb and veal can and will be sold in our market for less money than at any other city in America. And then look at the fish, in such quantities as to be a drug. Some persons will suggest: "That is all fine talk; does well on paper; but to put it into practice, that is the question." Yes, that is the very question I am driving at. How is it to be done? The easiest in the world. Just go to work; throw off your coat; take hold of the plow or spade, and dig, and the earth will produce. It will make little difference to the growing crops whether the Radicals rule or Brownlow is dictator. We may be denied the privilege of going up to the ballot box alongside of one of our former slaves, and thus saying who is to be Governor or Senator; but we still rule; the country is ours, and we must possess it, we must cultivate it. Then I say again, go to work; put on your manhood; determine to be free. No people were ever slaves long who possessed the manhood to be free. Then let us grow our own food, make our own implements of husbandry, raise our own beef, cure our own meats, make our own furniture, our own iron, spin our own cotton, grow our own wool, and thus prove ourselves worthy of the high destiny that is before us. Let us buckle on our manhood, and build up among us a prosperity not heretofore known. We are competent to do this; we are fully able for the task before us, and all that is wanting is to do away with our preconceived ideas that labor was not reputable, that to plow was not manly, that to labor at the forge or bench showed ignoble blood. You possess all the prerequisites to be the most powerful and great people on the earth.

"The soil-hardened hand is the index of truth,
Independence, integrity, intellect, pride;
Not the pride born of folly, the romance of Youth,
But the pride the heart teaches, with truth for its guide.
The soil-hardened hand is the free,
The bold, the deserving, the manly the good—
Not he that clings to the feet of a tyrant, who loves the slack knee
To the tyrants as none but a slave spirit could."

Then let us grasp the hand of him who will come among us to do something as we would the hand of a friend. Let us welcome honest industry to our community; let us encourage the honest emigrant to our section, not as a politician, but as a citizen, a freeman, and, as Moses said unto Hoab, "come then and go with us and we will do thee good." Then, come Yankee, come Buckeye, come blue nose sucker, or Hoosier—come everybody who wants a home, wants to be a good citizen, wants to create something for himself and little ones. Give us the citizen who will build the school house and church, and let us hear the music of the spindle. To every one who is for peace and to restore prosperity to the land, I say come. DIXIE.

A RELIC OF BY-GONE DAYS.

An Indictment Written by Andrew Jackson in 1792.

From the Nashville Union and Dispatch.]

The following curious document came to light yesterday in the overhauling of some papers in the office of the Criminal Court Clerk. It is an indictment against one Page Bellows for stealing a negro, and was written in 1792, by Andrew Jackson, the Attorney General of what was known as the Mero District of the territory south of the Ohio river, in which what is now the State of Tennessee was embraced:

MERO DISTRICT, ss., MAY TERM, 1792.—The Jurors for the territory of the United States south of the Ohio river, upon their oaths present that Page Bellows, late of the county of Sumner, and District of Mero, yeoman, on the 1st day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two, with force and arms, at the county aforesaid, in the District aforesaid, one negro man, slave, named Will, the goods and chattels of Thomas Hampton, of the value of one hundred pounds, then and there being found, feloniously and violently did steal, take, and seduce the said negro man, slave, named Will, with an intent to steal and convert the said negro to his own use, contrary to the statute in that case made and provided, and against the peace and dignity of the said territory.

ANDREW JACKSON, Attorney General.

The Wabashaw (Minnesota) *Herald* tells of a man there who recently went to the river, stripped himself, cut a hole in the ice, and took a bath. After floundering for a while in the water, he sat down on a cake of ice and cut his corns.

WASHINGTON.

Thad. Stevens' Amendment to the Alabama Bill.

The Radicals Moving in Solid Phalanx.

Programme of the Impeachers.

Special Correspondence of the Louisville Courier.]

WASHINGTON, March 26.

The Reconstruction Committee have been tinkering over the Alabama bill, and to-day reported another one, which is the third in as many weeks.

Stevens moved his amendment of universal suffrage, which the committee had declined to accept. Old Thad. was in the House watching the progress of events, but afterwards retired to the committee rooms, but as soon as he learned of the bill being up he was brought back, and was ready for work.

Farnsworth, who had charge of the bill, attempted to palm off the statement that seven thousand white men voted for the Constitution, but Beck promptly denied that such a statement had been submitted to the Committee. Farnsworth then admitted his was private information.

Steven's amendment provides for universal suffrage, and if the State hereafter places any restriction on suffrage this legislation recognizing her as a State in the Union is to be null and void.

The vote on the veto to-day is regarded as indicating the determination of the Radicals of the Senate to move in a solid phalanx, in any scheme deemed necessary to their power, including impeachment.

Hopes once entertained that there were Senators who would rise above allegiance to party, are fast disappearing. Overwhelming pressure has been brought to bear upon Senators suspected of having any conscience. A Senator who, three weeks since, violently opposed the measure, is now in the Radical lead.

So confident are the Managers of conviction of the President, they impudently assert that they will close the case within a week.

The argument for the prosecution will be opened by Butler and closed by Bingham. The President's counsel will introduce a large number of precedents to show the power of the Executive to remove subordinate officers, even during the session of the Senate.

The protest of the Kentucky Legislature against the wrong perpetrated in excluding representatives from that State was presented and referred.

Apprehensions about a new secret society South has extended here. Several Tennessee Congressmen are afraid to return home in consequence of its operations. "The wicked flee when no man pursueth."

JOB PRINTING.

AVALANCHE JOB OFFICE!

—AND—

BOOK BINDERY

AVALANCHE BUILDING

22 Jefferson Street,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

WE ARE PREPARED TO EXECUTE

ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK

IN THE NEATEST MANNER, AND

AT LOW RATES

DISPATCH, NEATNESS, CHEAPNESS

BILLS LADING,
STEAMBOAT BILLS,
SHIPPING TAGS,
BILL HEADS,
LETTER HEADS,
DRAY RECEIPTS.

Avalanche Book Bindery!

DAY BOOKS,
CASH BOOKS,
LEDGERS,
RECORDS,
TAX BOOKS,
RECEIPT BOOKS

Books for Clerks of Courts,
County Court Blank Books,
Chancery Court Blank Books,
Criminal Court Blank Books
Circuit Court Blank Books,
Probate Court Blank Books.

AVALANCHE BOOK BINDERY.

GIFT ENTERPRISE.

THE PASCHALL HOUSE ASSOCIATION

OF ST. LOUIS, MO.

$500,000 IN PRIZES

Number of Prizes, Five Hundred

Price of Certificates, $5 Each

Splendid Fortunes for Somebody

Awarding of Prizes on June 1, '68

AT

MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

FIRST PRIZE.

The PASCHALL HOUSE, corner of Fifth and Walnut streets, St. Louis, Mo.; Lot 87 feet front by 127 deep, has four stories, sixty fine rooms; also, five elegant stores. These, together with the Hotel, are bringing a rent of $9,600 per annum. This magnificent house, with furniture complete, is

VALUED AT.....$280,000

SECOND PRIZE.

An elegant Three Story Double Brick Residence, with three and a half acres of ground, in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, one mile from Court Square. House splendidly finished, with all modern improvements. Grounds finely laid out with shrubbery, etc. Fine stables outbuildings, etc.; all in complete order, and

VALUED AT.....$60,000

THIRD PRIZE.

A handsome Three Story Brick Residence, No. 1515 Chesnut street, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth streets, St. Louis, Missouri, containing twelve rooms, elegantly finished throughout, with all modern improvements complete; Lot 31½ by 102½ feet deep.

VALUED AT.....$18,000

FOURTH PRIZE.

The fine Mansion of the late Judge R. W. Wells, Jefferson City, Missouri, Two Story Brick and Frame, fifteen elegant rooms, and finished throughout with all modern improvements; Lot 135 feet front on High street by 200 feet deep. Grounds finely laid out, terraced, flower beds, etc.

VALUED AT.....$18,000

IX MORE PRIZES.

Consisting of Fine Brick Residences in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, situated: No. 728 South Eighth street, 720 South Eighth street, 1417 Morgan street, 1412 Morgan street, 714 and 716 Chouteau avenue.

VALUED AT.....$79,000

250 PRIZES

From the firm of BOOCHER BROTHERS, Watchmakers and Jewelers, No. 108 South Fifth street, under the Southern Hotel, where samples of the goods may be seen, consisting of one elegant Solid Silver Service, worth $1,200; Solid Silver Dobbels, Plated Tea Sets, Ladies' and Gents' sundry Gold Watches, Fronch Mantel Clocks, Fancy Silver Pieces, Plain Jewelry, etc.

ALL VALUED AT.....$15,000

120 PRIZES

In Fine Sewing Machines, of various patterns, ranging in price from $65 to $150, of the best manufacture, and

VALUED AT.....$10,000

100 PRIZES IN CASH.

$100 EACH.....$10,000

20 PRIZES OF FINE PIANOS

From the St. Louis Piano Manufactory, ranging in price from $400 to $650 each. Samples can be seen at the rooms of the Company, corner of Fifth and Walnut streets, under the Paschall House.

VALUED AT.....$16,000

MAKING IN ALL

500 SPLENDID PRIZES

Ranging from $20 to $250,000 each, and

VALUED AT $500,000.

FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS

Will be Donated to the Orphans of St. Louis, Mo

DETAILS OF THE DRAWING:

A suitable Committee of Responsible Gentlemen will be selected to conduct the drawing and awarding of the prizes, on the day appointed, at MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL, on the following plan:

One hundred thousand numbers, representing the Certificates issued, will be placed in one wheel, and five hundred tickets, inscribed with the names of the prizes, to-wit: "Paschall House," etc., will be placed in another. From these wheels a number and a prize will be drawn at the same time and the number drawn will take the prize drawn with it.

The prizes will be ready for delivery upon the result of the award being known, and the persons by whom the ten real estate prizes are drawn, will receive deeds to the same, with title clear and unencumbered.

All money received upon the sale of these Certificates will be placed in responsible banking houses of St. Louis, Missouri, where it will remain, to the credit of the Association, until after the drawing takes place.

References given by Permission

Ault, Pollard & Renick, Bankers, St. Louis.
Daniel G. Taylor, ex-Mayor of St. Louis.
Farmers' and Drovers' Bank, St. Louis.
Peoples' Savings Association.
Edward S. Finney, Memphis, Tennessee.
Boatmen's Saving Institute; St. Louis, Mo.
John H. Andrews, ex Sheriff of St. Louis county, Mo.
Lavelle, Warner & Co., proprietors Southern Hotel, St. Louis, Mo.
Jules Valle, of the firm of Chouteau, Harrison & Valle.
Erastus Wells, President Accommodation Bank, St. Louis.
Honorable William Tannehill.
Charles P. Meyer.
A. Krieckhaus, President City Council.
Joseph Doggendorf, City Controller.
G. W. Dwyer.

No person will be authorized to sell Certificates for the Association, or be recognized as an agent, unless holding a certificate to that effect from the Manager of the Association.

NOTICE.

Persons ordering Certificates by mail can send greenbacks to the amount of ten dollars in registered letters, and postoffice or other drafts, made payable to our order, for larger amounts, at our risk, with address of town, county and State carefully written.

Certificates may be had at the office of the Manager, 62 Walnut street, and of the following Agents: Alex. Kelsey, proprietor of the Paschall House; John King, 121 Fourth [illegible] street; Planters' House Saloon; Boocher Brothers, Jewelers, 108 South Fifth street, under the Southern Hotel; Lee Caswell, Cigar store, corner Fourth and Walnut streets; Turvey's Bookstore, 19 North Fourth street, opposite the Custom House; W. E. Tillard, Photographic Gallery, 17 North Fourth street; B. D. Adams, Southern Hotel Saloon; J. E. Cook, News stand, Southern Hotel; M. R. Orfeuil, News Stand, St. Nicholas Hotel; G. B. Wintle, Bookstore, 85 Washington avenue.

☞ All orders for Certificates and communications should be addressed to

PHILIP S. LANHAM, Manager,
No. 416 Walnut Street,
Under Southern Hotel, St. Louis, Missouri.

J. A. COPELAND, Secretary.

☞ TICKETS CAN BE HAD OF

E. S. PLUMMER,
No. 1 [illegible] Street, Memphis, Tenn.

mh14

NATIONAL TELEGRAPH.

THE NATIONAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY

A NEW enterprise, to be known as the National Telegraph Company, has been organized with valuable franchises conferred by a recent act of Congress for the purpose of establishing Trunk Lines of Telegraph on all the principal Railroads and mail routes in the United States. The stock is to be issued upon the same principle as that of the Merchants' Union Express Company, which recently commenced operations. The design is to interest the entire business community in the enterprise. This is done, not so much to dispose of the stock as it is to secure the business of the country which the lines open.

THE CAPITAL IS TO BE

$10,000,000

In 100,000 shares of the par value of

$100 PER SHARE

But the actual amount to be paid in cash is

$35 PER SHARE

and this amount is to be paid as follows: One per cent. of the par at the time of subscribing, and no more until the entire capital has been subscribed, and then on calls to be made by the Board of Directors; installments not to exceed five per cent. per month. When thirty-five per cent of the par value of the shares has been paid, certificates of stock will be issued. This will give the Company a paid up

CASH CAPITAL OF $3,500,000

Which will be sufficient to duplicate lines to all or nearly all the paying points reached by the present monopoly.

The present Telegraph Companies throughout the country have been consolidated into one huge monopoly, and are now earning, on this consolidated capital, over SIX MILLIONS OF DOLLARS per year, or over one hundred per cent. on the actual cost of their lines or their present capital having been watered over ONE THOUSAND per cent.

THE NATIONAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY have a recognition from the United States Government of the importance of their enterprise, with a grant of the most valuable franchises ever conferred upon a telegraph company. No competing line has ever had the right now granted by Congress to this company to construct and operate lines over every RAILROAD and MAIL ROUTE in the United States. The position of the Company differs from that of any company ever before organized. The question of the RIGHT OF WAY IS FOREVER SETTLED.

The Stockholders of this Company cannot be sold out or TRANSFERRED to any other Company. The act of Congress under which this Company has been organized prohibits any transfer of the franchise granted.

CALLS---HOW TO BE MADE

One per cent of the Stock will be required on subscribing, and subsequent calls, not to exceed five per cent. per month, will be made by the Board of Directors, from time to time, as may be necessary, to supply funds to construct and equip the lines; but no calls will be made after the one per cent. is paid, until the entire Capital Stock shall have been subscribed.

ACTUAL CAPITAL REQUIRED

The Company confidently believe that thirty-five per cent of the Capital Stock will construct and fully equip

25,000 Miles of Wire

Which will connect all the commercial centers and important places in the United States. This opinion rests upon the most reliable estimates and responsible offers to construct and equip the lines.

THE NATIONAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY is organized under the laws of the State of New York, and franchises conferred by an act of Congress, approved July 24, 1866.

President—GEORGE B. SENTER, of Cleveland, Ohio.

Vice President—ROBERT SQUIRES, of New York City.

Secretary—GEORGE B. WALLER, of New York City.

COMPANY'S OFFICE,

Nos. 64 and 66 Broadway, New York

A limited amount of the capital stock of this Company is allotted to this locality, and those having an opportunity, and subscribing, will be placed upon equal terms with its corporators, and will secure like interests in all franchises which have accrued, or may hereafter accrue to the Company from any and all sources.

Stock may now be subscribed in this Company at the Office of the MERCANTILE AGENCY, R. G. DUN & CO., 261 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

S. B. WRIGHT,
General Agent for Memphis and Vicinity.

mh5

PLUMBERS.

JOSEPH FLANNERY,

Practical Plumber,

Gas and Steam Pipe Fitter,

No. 83 Jefferson Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

Keep constantly on hand a well selected s

Iron and Brass Lift and Force Pumps

feb2

REAL ESTATE.

D. G. KENNY, Civil Engineer and Surveyor
J. B. PORTER

KENNY & PORTER,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS

AND GENERAL AGENTS.

HAVING permanently established our office in No. 2, Kinsloe's Block, corner of Second and Madison streets, we intend doing strictly a Real Estate Brokerage in Memphis and the surrounding country, together with Surveying, Draughting and Engineering in its various branches. The drainage of swamp lands, location and estimating of levees, and also the leasing and sale of department of our business, will receive special attention. Using always our best exertion for the benefit of customers, we hope by promptness and strict attention to business, to merit a liberal patronage of the public.

D. G. KENNY.
J. B. PORTER

mh29

House for Sale on 13 Years' Lease.

THE undersigned offers for sale the house formerly occupied by H. R. Pentis,

No. 316 Madison Street Extended,

Comprising three rooms, kitchen and servant's room. The house is conveniently located, with good cistern and other conveniences. The building is on leased ground, with thirteen years to run at an annual rent of $180. Terms, for the whole, thirty dollars cash; one half cash, balance one year at six per cent. interest. Inquire of the subscriber, on the premises, or at No. 321 Front street.

A. N. WILCOX.

feb23

FOR SALE.

1,000 bales Straight Timothy Hay,

1,000 barrels Louisville Cement,

100 barrels Celebrated Missouri Magnolia Mills Flour, equal to Harrison's, at Low Cash Prices.

Just Received,

JOHN R. MOODY & CO.,
206 Front Street.

mh15

COTTON AND COMMISSION

ANDERSON & GAY,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

330 Front Street, Corner Union,

HAVE on Consignment: 2,000 bales Hay, 1,000 sacks Oats, 1,000 barrels Cape Lime, 50 kegs Pipe Vent, 500 sacks Corn, 200 Sole Agents for Crescent City Roofing Paper. mh28

THOS. T. KIRTLAND, Memphis, Tenn.
HARRY HEDDEN, Alabama.
W. J. POLLARD, Georgia.

KIRTLAND, POLLARD & CO.,

WESTERN PRODUCE

AND

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

252 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

Also, Agents for the States of Mississippi and Tennessee for the RAMIE PLANT.

AGENTS WANTED

In every County and Town in the above States.

mh24

TERRY & MITCHELL,

EXCLUSIVE

WHOLESALE DEALERS

IN

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,

329 Main Street, Memphis.

WE are constantly receiving ADDITIONS TO OUR STOCK and will sell at the LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

mh24

H. FITZGERALD, Gallatin.
C. G. HILL, Memphis.
JOSH. T. JEFFERSON, Memphis.

H. FITZGERALD & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF

Cotton Yarns, Sheeting and Osnaburgs, Dupont's Gunpowder and Printing Paper,

374 Front Street. MEMPHIS

E. O. HURD,

COTTON COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 49 West Second Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Liberal advances made on consignments. Orders solicited

R. W. PRICE, Late of Eastport, Miss.
A. B. TREADWELL, Memphis Tenn.

PRICE & TREADWELL,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

No. 15 Union Street, Lee Block.

Between Main and Front streets MEMPHIS, TENN.

TITUS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 10 Jefferson Street,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

WE respectfully solicit a share of the business of the planters of the south. We thank our former customers for their patronage, and would be pleased to have them continue business with us. Our charges are the same as heretofore. All Cotton consigned to us will be insured unless otherwise instructed.

mh25

ANDERSON & GAY,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

Commission Merchants,

No. 338 Front Street, Corner Union,

HAVE ON CONSIGNMENT, FOR SALE TO THE TRADE

2,000 bales Hay,
2,000 bushels Oats (black and white,)
500 barrels Seed Potatoes,
25 tierces Davis' Sugar-cured Hams,
2,000 barrels Cape Lime.

feb20

J. W. DICKINSON, Formerly Reid & Dickinson.
DR. R. F. DICKINSON, Late Surgeon C. S. A.
W. W. WILLIAMS, Madison county, Tennessee.

DICKINSON, WILLIAMS & CO.,

Cotton Factors, General Commission

AND PRODUCE MERCHANTS,

No. 210 Front Street, Memphis, Tennessee

☞ Liberal Advances made on Consignments. ☜

We have a warehouse of our own in which we will handle all Cotton consigned to us, and WE GUARANTEE THERE SHALL BE NO UNNECESSARY LOSS IN WEIGHT, A THING WE HAVE HAD TO SUBMIT TO HERETOFORE. Bagging and Rope furnished our customers.

Usual commissions charged. All consignments by river inland, unless otherwise instructed

feb13

MINTER PARKER, J. W. WARD

PARKER, WARD & CO.,

(Successors to Pittman, Parker & Co.)

Commission Merchants

Lee Block, No. 15 Union Street,

mh3 MEMPHIS, TENN.

C. W. STURDIVANT, P. G. LAWHORN, J. A. NEVILS

C. W. STURDIVANT & CO.,

GROCERY AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

No. 182 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

mh11

BARKER & CO.,

Auction and Commission

MERCHANTS,

Real Estate & Collecting Agents,

Aberdeen, Miss.

Consignments Solicited.

BARKER & CO.

jn19

1858 ESTABLISHED 1858

JOHN W. KEYS,

WHOLESALE DEALER in Toys, Fireworks, Fancy Goods, Trimmings, Hosiery and Gloves, No. 349 Main street, Memphis, Tennessee. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

mh19

MISCELLANEOUS

Mad. M. Leise's Dancing Academy,

221 Second Street, Adams Block.

MADAM L.'s Classes for the above accomplishment will remain open during the Spring and Summer months, as follows: Children's Class Saturday's at ten a.m. and three o'clock p.m., and Tuesdays at four p.m. Gents same evening at eight o'clock.

mh8

Notice.

THE Stockholders in the People's Insurance Company will take notice that an election for seven Directors of said Company will take place at the Company's office, No. 16 Madison street, Memphis, Tennessee, on WEDNESDAY, the first day of April next.

mh25 S. P. READ, Secretary.

Lumber! Lumber!

FULL assortment of Building and Finishing Lumber, Flooring, Ceiling, Weatherboarding, Shingles, Lathe, Sash, Doors and Blinds. All very low for cash. Cedar Posts from twenty-five to fifty cents each.

J. M. R. & J. W. COCHRAN,
Foot of Washington street.

feb23

LUNN & MALLON,

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND

STEAM PIPE FITTERS,

204 Main Street,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE,

HAVE on hand a large stock of PUMPS, CHANDELIERS, LEAD AND IRON PIPES, BRASS WORK of every description for Gas, Steam and Water.

Jobbing promptly attended to.

jan

OWEN SMITH,

UNDERTAKER,

DEALER IN METALLIC CASES AND CASKETS

And Manufacturer of

WOODEN AND ROSEWOOD COFFINS

Of all kinds.

No. 368 Northeast corner Gayoso and Second Street MEMPHIS, Tenn.

☞ All orders for Undertaking promptly attended to

ALLISON BROTHERS,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

No. 270 Front Street, Memphis.

mh24

RUFUS L. DALTON. SUN. F. PRICE

DALTON & PRICE,

BOOK AND JOB PRINTERS

AND

Book Binders,

No. 9 Jefferson Street, Under Commercial Hotel

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

EXECUTE every description of PLAIN AND FANCY JOB PRINTING, such as

Bill Heads,
Bills Lading,
Account Sales,
Dray Receipts,
Dray Tickets,
Wedding Cards,
Visiting Cards,
Business Cards,
Play Cards,
Ball Tickets,
Blanks of all kinds,
Circulars,
Receipt Books,
Check Books,
Drafts,

And every description of

Railroad and Steamboat Printing.

BLANK BOOKS of every description made to order. Particular attention given to RULING of all kinds, such as

Music, Magazines,
Ladies' Books, Periodicals,
Standard Works. Etc., Etc.

No. 9 Jefferson Street.

feb29

SMITH & LEECH,

No. 342 Second Street,

Opposite Greenlaw Opera House,

RECTIFIERS and Wholesale Dealers in BOURBON, RYE and ROBINSON COUNTY WHISKIES, and PROOF SPIRITS.

Our grades will compare, equal or superior to same line of goods in this or any other market.

mh17

JOHN A. DENIE,

DEALER IN

Hay, Corn, Oats, Bran, Lime, Cement

Plaster, Hair,

FIRE BRICK & WESTERN PRODUCE

No. 41 South Court Square,

feb19

Glazed Sash.

Cheapest in the city.

W. T. SWANWICK & CO.

150,000 Shingles.

Best to be had.

W. T. SWANWICK & CO.

300,000 Lath.

W. T. SWANWICK & CO.

Flooring, Ceiling, Siding, etc.

All articles in our line at the Lowest Rates. Orders from the country promptly and faithfully filled.

W. T. SWANWICK & CO.,
Adams Street, Opposite Bradley Block.

mh16

EDWARD C. JONES,

ARCHITECT,

Walker Block, 279½ Main Street,

MEMPHIS, TENN

Collecting Agency.

THE undersigned respectfully asks leave to inform his friends throughout the city and county, that hereafter he will give prompt personal attention to the Collection of all Accounts and Claims of whatsoever nature, and, when necessary, put the same in suit. He will also attend to the Renting and Sale of Property, either Real or Personal. He may be found at his office, corner Washington and Main streets. Gives him a call.

mh15 WM. B. COTTON.

CHEAP SADDLERY HOUSE.

SADDLES, BRIDLES,

Harness, Whips, Collars,

Leather and Saddlery Hardware

Saved from the late fire, and selling at a GREAT SACRIFICE as they must be closed out at once. Call early and secure Bargains.

C. N. CASE, Jr., & CO.,
177 Main street, sign of the Golden Stirrup,
Wood off Block.

mh3

WANTS.

WANTED—Every one to know the place to get their Broken Furniture mended and remodelled, Spring Beds and Mattresses of all kinds repaired, Carpets cleaned and relaid, Pianos and Furniture varnished, at 44½ Monroe street.
mh29 MARTIN EYKE

LOST.

LOST—This is to certify that the following Certificates of Stock in the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, belonging to my late husband, Dr. Wm. Jones, viz: No. 790, dated June 16, 1857, for ten shares; No. 1,104, dated Aug 3, 1860, for six shares, have been either lost or destroyed by fire, and that it is my intention to apply to the Secretary of the Company for a duplicate of the same.
mh29 NAOMI JONES, Administratrix.

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

FOR SALE—A good SODA FOUNTAIN, at a bargain.
J. W. FALLS & CO., 351 Main street.
mh28

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—An elegant RESIDENCE containing ten rooms just repaired at a cost of two thousand dollars, for rent. Situated on Madison street, near Court Square. All or any portion of the Furniture for sale. For terms apply to
mh28 ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.

FOR RENT—That elegant new RESIDENCE, No. 196 Court street, containing sixteen rooms; also, a Store and Residence No. 218 Shelby street. Apply to
W. M. J. SOMERVELL,
mh29 No. 27 second street.

FOR RENT—A Cottage Residence, containing four rooms in the premises embracing about five acres. Location, Walnut street, a short distance south of Vance.
MESSICK & PICKETT,
mh19 No. 317 Second street.

FOR RENT—One dwelling house, No. 152 Hernando street. Will suit a small family. Also, residence lots in Corinth, Mississippi, for lease for a long time. Apply to T. M. Lockwood, No. 13 Union street.
mh15

BOARDING.

BOARDING—A pleasant suit of Rooms, with good board. Terms moderate. References exchanged. Apply at 225 Adams street.
mh28

REDUCTION IN BOARD—The WHITEMORE HOUSE has reduced its transient rates to $2 per day; Day Board to $6 per week; Regular Board with single rooms very low. Families can be accommodated with handsomely furnished rooms at the lowest rates. Owing to the fact that we have no asst to pay, we can afford better inducements to guests than any other house in the city.
ja28

SPECIAL NOTICES, ETC.

DR. JAMES IN MEMPHIS—Dr. JAMES, formerly of James' Lock Hospital, Custom House street, New Orleans, (established in 1850), and for the last seven years located in Chicago, will be in MEMPHIS, for a short time only, and can be consulted at his rooms 199 Main street, Worsley Block, from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m., and from 2 to 6 p.m.

Dr. JAMES treats CHRONIC, MERCURIAL, SYPHILITIC, BLOOD and SKIN DISEASES, and all DISORDERS of a CONTAGIOUS or VENEREAL CHARACTER—which he cures without the use of mercury, iodide potassii, arsenic or any poison, but with his NEUTRALIZER, a positive cure for all humors and blood poisons.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS, such as SEMINAL WEAKNESS, NOCTURNAL and DIURNAL EMISSIONS, brought on by the abuse of the organs, early indiscretions, excesses, or unfortunate hereditary causing loss of memory, confusion, depression, dimness of vision and oftentimes insanity, with deplorable train of ills; synonimous, treated and radically cured by an infallible method, saving time and expense. All diseases peculiar to the sexual organs of a private character radically and permanently cured.

Old diseases of the most horrible class, where the blood has become poisoned, producing blotches on the face, small watery blisters, pains in the head and bones, ulcerated throat and nose, sores on the limbs and body, scrofula, together with an endless number of sufferings effectually and permanently cured.

Dr. JAMES is recommended by the press of the country, by Professors of Medical Colleges, and by the Medical Profession generally. Those afflicted should apply to him and be cured at once.

Dr. JAMES cannot leave his home office in Chicago for a long time and those who desire his advice should improve this opportunity. His rooms are at 199 Main street, over Wheaton's Hat Store.

Call at his office and get Pamphlets on SPERMATORRHŒA and SYPHILIS. Consultation free.
mh28

WE have one fine Arctic Soda Fountain, on is use for a few weeks last season, which we will sell at a bargain. It has ten syrup faucets, and all necessary appliances. Apply at Ward & Ledbetter's, druggists, corner Main and Adams streets opposite the Worsham House.
mh 4

NOTICE—I will, at the next term of the County Court, apply for letters of administration upon the estate of Fletcher Taylor, deceased.
C. N. TAYLOR.
mh19

COUGH—NO CURE NO PAY—FORREST'S JUNIPER TAR is warranted to cure Cough, Croup, Hoarseness, Throat and Lung diseases or the price positively refunded. Instantaneous relief produced. Try it. If not satisfied, return the empty bottle and get your money back. H. F. GOODYEAR, 310 Second street, Agent. Price 25 cents.
mh18

NOTICE—At the April term I will apply to the County Court of Shelby county to be appointed guardian of Mary Lula and Bettie McNeal, minor heirs of J. S. McNeal deceased.
R. A. REYNOLDS.
ORLEY & DUVAL, Solicitors. mh8

NOTICE—To all whom it may Concern—I have this day suggested to the Clerk of the County Court of Shelby county, the insolvency of the estate of William Biggs, deceased. All creditors are required to file their claims by the first day of October, '68, or they will be barred.
H. IRBY, Administrator.
ORLEY & DUVAL, Solicitors. mh8

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY AND THE HAPPINESS of True Manhood; an essay for Young Men on the Crime of Solitude, and the Physical Errors, Abuses and Diseases which cause impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.
feb2 d&w

SUNDAY, : : : : MARCH 29, 1868

THE Confederate dead! Saturday, the 25th of April, promises to be one of general mourning for the noble men who gave their lives for the lost cause. The ceremonies at Elmwood will be one of unusual interest and solemnity. As we have already announced, Hon. LANDON C. HAYNES and Colonel MOSES WHITE will deliver addresses in commemoration of the noble Confederate dead, and a poem, prepared by our talented fellow citizen F. Y. ROCKETT, will be read on the occasion. We understand that the remains of General PRESTON SMITH, Colonel JEFFERY FORREST and Colonel AARON H. FORREST will also be gathered together and interred on this sad and mournful occasion. From present indications Saturday, the 25th of April, will find the largest crowd at Elmwood that ever convened in this city. The pageantry is not intended to commemorate the cause that is lost, but as a tribute to the heroic brave who gave their lives for principles they believed to be right. Our people are not singular in thus honoring the heroic dead. Men of all climes, or all types of civilization, and of all forms of religion, unite in doing honor to the memory of their dead. The philosopher and the savage, the Pagan, the Mohammedan, the Jew, and the Christian, are as one in the indulgence of the sentiment which dictates the discharge of those mournful offices, the last which it is competent to affection to render in behalf of kindred, countrymen and friends. From ancient history we learn that it was a custom with the Athenians to appoint every year a time for the observance of solemn funeral rights over the remains of their heroes who had fallen. Their bones were collected together; their friends were invited to be present; their remains were decorated as the fancy or affection of those friends might suggest, and after three days thus employed these remnants of mortality were carried in solemn funeral pomp to a public temple prepared for their reception. Nor were they forgotten whose mouldering forms it had been impossible to recover; for them, or in memory of them, an empty bier, the most gorgeous in the procession, was especially dedicated, and a sepulchre, situated in the costliest suburb of the city, received the sumptuous coffins, the empty and the full. We have as yet established no such national anniversaries, nor provided any such gorgeous pageantry. No storied urn or cypress coffin may contain the remains of our soldiers dead; many of them doubtless have never yet been gathered within any recognized cemetery, and still occupy the shallow grave on the margin of the battle field, or near some hospital site, or if marked at all only by a rough stake, and occasionally a few rude letters; but whatever be its condition, Greece nor Rome, in their palmiest days, never offered up costlier sacrifices in the cause of human freedom than "the hearts once pregnant with celestial fire" which those rude sepulchres entomb. In ancient times it was undoubtedly true, especially as regarded the honors to living men—and probably no age may be altogether exempt from the imputation—that in the costly statues erected to and the munificent orations showered upon the successful soldier or accomplished statesman, there lurked not unfrequently some personal consideration mingling with the motives that suggested them. Sometimes it was fear that prompted the timid thus to propitiate the wrath of the powerful. Sometimes it was a servile adulation that, in the time serving, sought by such means to secure a recompense in the shape of other honors or emoluments to be reciprocated. It was doubtless the knowledge of such corruption, and an appreciation of the motives that should control such memorials, that prompted CATO, when once asked by a friend why no statues had been erected to him, while Rome was crowded with so many others, to reply as he did, that he had much rather his countrymen should inquire why he had *no* statues than why he had *any*; but the character and circumstances of the honors render to our patriot dead not only vindicate their motive, but in the motive itself is found the very germ of the honor we would confer. Let statues or monuments to the living or the dead tower ever so high, the true honor after all is not in the polished tablet or towering column, but in that pure, spontaneous and unaffected gratitude and devotion of the people, that enshrines the memory of the honored one in the heart, and transmits from age to age long after such costly structures have disappeared. The only honor accorded to MILTIADES, the great deliverer of Athens, was to be represented in a picture, painted by order of its citizens, at the head of the other nine commanders of the heroic ten thousand, animating his followers to the attack of the hostile force, which outnumbered them ten to one. And yet that simple painting, preserved in the affections of succeeding generations, existed for centuries thereafter, whilst the three hundred statues which, in a later and corrupter age, were erected by the same people in honor of DEMETRIUS, were all demolished, even in his lifetime. Thus in our hearts would we enshrine the memory of the soldier. Generations yet unborn shall recount to their offspring the history of their valor, and long after brass and marble have crumbled into dust shall their names be preserved, as the men who perished to perpetuate what their fathers had so struggled to establish—popular freedom. The disposition thus manifested for ages, to do justice to the memory of the dead, and to regard as religiously sacred the places of their repose, is a commendable trait in the human character. The angry and vengeful passions of men, lashed into fury by the storm of a mighty revolution, all seem to die away as they assemble around the graves of their dead, just as the waves of the storm-riven ocean die away on the peaceful sands of the shore. In every age of the world, the noblest, purest and most unselfish emotions and principles of the human heart have been manifested around the sepulchres of the departed. Then let us, on the 25th of April, mingle the tears of a common sorrow, and pay that tribute of respect to our deceased soldiers which is due their memories—a respect suggested, not by acrimony toward the living, but by affection for the dead. Simply retrospective in its character, it has no covert political complexion, and no latent and insidious reference to the future. It affords, it is true, not only an expression of our grief over the ashes of our departed heroes, but of our admiration for their character, and our love for the memories and their names; but there is no noble and generous spirit, even among those who were victors in the great and sanguinary struggle through which we have passed, that would refuse us the consolation of dropping a tear, and of laying our chaplets of cypress upon the graves of our dead. But, while disclaiming any disloyalty to the Government, while disavowing any effort to revive a cause that has perished, in these ceremonies, we would offer an earnest protest against that judgment which would consign them to infamy as the perpetrators of unnatural and monstrous crimes. Let others say what they may, it is not in our natures to regard as criminals those whom we revered and loved as our fathers, husbands, brothers and sons, and who freely yielded up their lives for principles which we deemed worthy even of such a sacrifice. We would be guilty of grossest inconsistency with ourselves, and of deepest injustice to them, did we refuse to do them such honor as it is possible in our circumstances to pay. The great and good JACKSON never could have been a leader of conspirators, outlaws and banditti. His life—and it was one of those bright and glorious visions, which once beheld are never forgotten, a picture of truth, purity and sublime virtue, which stamped itself at once and forever upon the hearts of mankind; his death—as serene and peaceful as the evening scene which closes in upon some day of mighty conflict; the life and the death of such a man cannot but redeem from reproach the principles to which they were devoted, and shed a hallowing lustre upon even a defeated cause, which now, but for such luminous illustrations, would, in the judgment of the world, go down into the night of perpetual oblivion. The brave men who fell at Thermopylæ won more immortality than the legions that trampled them down. Neither defeat nor victory determines the question of the righteousness or unrighteousness of principles. We cannot close our eyes to the great lesson which starts out from the pages of history—that causes which, while struggling for existence, were branded with the stigma which attaches only to crime, have been rescued from contempt and glorified in the eyes of men by the mere accident of victory; and that others, which, while in the ascendant, were attended with acclamations of applause, have, by the reverse of fortune, experienced an opposite fate. Such was the lesson written upon the great struggles for the maintenance of constitutional law in the history of the English people; such was the lesson impressed, as in letters of light, upon the face of the American Revolution. Nor can the argument, from the apparent favor or frown of Providence, be deemed conclusive as to the character of principles, since the Church of God herself has sometimes been subject to persecution which drenched her in blood, and brought her to the very verge of extinction. Right is right, and wrong is wrong, whatever may be the outward and accidental circumstances which accompany them; and it is an ineradicable faith of the human heart, which else would be but the sepulchre of hope, that truth and right, though, like the setting sun, they may sink beneath a horizon of darkness and an ocean of storms, may at last re-appear in the morning glory of an unclouded day. The blood, the precious, priceless blood of our brethren may seem to us to have been drunk up by the earth in vain—but whatever of truth, whatever of right, whatever of pure and lofty principle there was for which they contended, and for which they died, may, in another day, in some golden age, sung by poets, sages and prophets, come forth in the resurrection of buried principles and and live to bless mankind, when the bones of its confessors and martyrs shall have mouldered into dust.

GENERAL FORREST'S Life, written by General JORDAN and Colonel J. P. PRYOR, was issued about a month since, and was extensively noticed at the time by the press. The thrilling tales of FORREST'S campaigns, so well told by graceful pens, were put forth in beautiful form after months of laborious preparation. A better written or more graphic and absorbing book has not appeared on either side since the close of the war, while as a work of history and reference it is invaluable. A worthy Southern lady—Mrs. FRENCH—undertook to introduce the book in this city by subscription. She began her arduous work of canvassing at a time when the weather was inclement and many of the streets running with mud and ice. The work was difficult and fatiguing, but was pursued with an energy truly worthy a noble lady. After a careful canvass, Mrs. FRENCH had secured the names of about twelve hundred subscribers. Then she began the delivery of the book; and we regret to say that many who subscribed fail or refuse to take the book and pay for it. Mrs. FRENCH is naturally troubled and discouraged. We confess much surprise and regret at her difficulties and unexpected misfortune. After the lady has trudged through mud, snow, sleet and rain for months, it is too hard that her toil should be lost. We hope for the honor of the city, the memory of gallant men and the sake of an estimable lady that as many as possible who are able will comply with their contracts. It is said that suits may be entered against some delinquent parties, which would lead to unpleasant discoveries, but we hope that it will not become our disagreeable duty to publish any such legal proceedings. The book is thrillingly interesting. It ought to be in every Southean family; and the names of those who have not taken the book and paid their subscriptions to Mrs. FRENCH ought, as they will be exposed to the everlasting shame of the community. Mrs. FRENCH *shall* be protected in her rights. She is a worthy lady, and she has been treated shamefully, disgracefully, scandalously.

OUR columns this morning are made vocal with one of the sweetest poets of the South. The sound of a flute over the blue waters of Oman was never more musical than "F. Y. R.'s" harp. His poetry overflows with rythmical liquidity. The poem of the writer on the 25th of April will be a sublime anthem to the memory of as noble and brave men as ever inspired the poet's muse.

COMPLAINTS frequently reach us that freights are longer coming through from Louisville by rail than by river, and of course at much higher rates. We have not been able as yet to investigate the grounds of these complaints, but desire to do so at an early day. We have fought for the interests of that line of railroad and the present management, but we hold ourselves ready likewise to represent the people of Memphis and their interests. More anon.

The siege of the city of St. Domingo has ruined the place.

The crew of the schooner Cattram, which was lost at sea, have arrived at Marquez.

Butler's opening argument will occupy five hours, and is very exhaustive.

The Canal Bank, of New Orleans, was mysteriously robbed in broad daylight last Thursday of $50,000.

General Hancock has been granted four days' leave of absence from Washington, by order of the President.

Weston walked a mile in six minutes and fifty-five seconds, at Buffalo, on Friday night, for the benefit of the poor.

Gibbons, the assassin of William M. Estelle, was committed to jail without the privilege of bail, at Jackson, Mississippi, yesterday.

A Havana special says that the President of the Tehuantepec Railway company has arrived there on his way to Mexico, to complete arrangements for building that road.

Maracho, Maximilian's Minister to Rome, has been imprisoned in the City of Mexico for complicity in the late insurrectionary movements.

The Mexican press and judiciary have discovered that the law against traitors, under which Maximilian was tried and executed, is "unconstitutional."

A young man named Alonzo Spencer was run over and killed by switch engine at the Chicago and Northwestern railroad depot, in Chicago, on Wednesday.

The President has issued an order, through General Grant, assigning General Hancock to the command of the Department of the Atlantic, with his headquarters at Washington.

A towboat run down a skiff containing three boys at Maysville, Kentucky, a few days ago, and one of them, named Eddy Stickley, was drowned. The others were rescued by a negro boy named John Gaspin.

The United States Consul at St. Croix, West Indies, under date of March 12, says the last official report of the cholera at St. Thomas shows the whole number of cases to the 20th instant to be 481 and 297 deaths.

Delilah Ella Pugh, a colored cook in a hotel in Indianapolis, attempted to commit suicide the other day by swallowing morphine. Disappointed love was the moving cause, but a stomach pump relieved her.

Mr. Stanton is to be called as a witness for the President in the impeachment trial, and will be asked to testify as to the opinions he gave to the President in relation to the Tenure-of-office Law, and its application to members of the Cabinet holding commissions from Mr. Lincoln.

Edward Swann, of Stephentown, New York, twenty-five years old, beat his aged mother and drove her out into a driving snow storm. She proceeded about six rods from her home, fell exhausted, died, and her remains were not found till three days afterward.

One of the singular episodes occurring at the breaking up of the ice in the Hudson river, was that relating to two men who were engaged in chopping wood on the island opposite New Baltimore. They were unable to get off in time, were compelled to climb a tree to avoid drowning, and remained on it from Monday night to Tuesday noon.

Rev. Stephen H. Tyng, jr., has written a letter to Bishop Potter, of New York, stating that he will soon publish a review of the proceedings connected with his admonition by the Bishop. He says all the circumstances connected with the ceremony were adapted, if not intended, to aggravate his attempted disgrace. Mr. Tyng denies the regularity of the trial, renounces the authority of the court, and appeals to the Protestant Episcopal church and other Christian churches, from its unjust resentment, oppressive rulings and predetermined decision.

BY TELEGRAPH

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, March 28.

The Reconstruction Committee had before them to-day two sets of delegates from Florida, each presenting a Constitution for the State. One delegation is composed in part of Wisconsin men, and the other of natives of Massachusetts, who have settled in Florida. The former have an advantage, as they exhibited a Constitution sanctioned by General Meade, and signed by forty-five delegates.

The Secretary of War has sent to the House a communication from General Meade in relation to the recent vote in Alabama on the constitution, showing that under the law requiring one-half of the registered voters to cast their votes for the constitution it was not ratified.

He does not fear the immediate admission of the State by Congress, but would prefer to see the convention reassemble for a revision of the constitution, which should be submitted to the people under a new law.

Fractional currency issued during the week, $413,000; shipped, $437,280. United States notes shipped, $2,142,174. National Bank notes issued, $170,670; amount in circulation, $299,846,476. Fractional currency destroyed, $40,000.

Receipts from internal revenue for the fiscal year to date, $141,550,461.

SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 28.

Late Arizonia advices state that great uneasiness is felt there regarding the Indian affairs in the great Colorado valley, as an Indian war is anticipated.

The attempt of the Government to assemble the savages on the reservations appears likely to lead to serious trouble. The 1,700 Indians who were gathered on the reservation near Lapose, are represented as having left in a body, taking with them all the stock. Their intention, it is said, is to join the Bastile tribes in the mountains and make a common cause against the whites.

A band of Apaches had made a raid on Aubery city, at the mouth of Williams Fork, and thence up the Fork toward the great Central and Planet copper mines, taking all the animals from the different ranches and carried them off in broad day light.

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, March 28.

Another heavy snow storm occurred at Omaha, and along the line of the Union Pacific railroad on Thursday, and work on the mountains has been suspended in consequence.

General Sherman will leave for Omaha on Monday to meet the Indian Commissioners.

The river is stationary with abundance of water to all points.

Arrived—Belle Vernon and Pauline Carroll from New Orleans. Departed—Marble City for Memphis.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, March 28.

General Nagle is to be tried at the Court of the Queen's Bench in London, in May, on the charge of treason and felony.

George Francis Train's schedule of his property in the United States has been rejected by the Court of Bankruptcy at Dublin as a complete farce, and as worthless as a piece of blank paper.

The miners' riot in Belgium is becoming serious. The military are kept in constant readiness to meet any emergencies.

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, March 28.

The weather is cloudy and wet.

The river is rising fast, with eighteen feet in the canal.

Fortieth Congress---First Session

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, March 28.

Mr. Edmonds, from the conference committee on the bill to convey into the Treasury the proceeds of captured and abandoned property, presented a report, which was agreed to.

Mr. Edmonds offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the President of the United States be requested to communicate to the Senate whether he has established or ordered to be established any new departments since the 1st of August, 1867, and if so, what department or departments, and under what statute or other authority they were so established.

Mr. Davis offered a resolution to inquire of the Secretary of the Treasury what amount of United States bonds is outstanding of each class, the rate of interest, and what each class was worth, in gold, at the time they were issued.

Mr. Sherman suggested that it would be impossible to give that information at a moment's notice. The resolution was laid over.

On the motion of Mr. Sherman, the Senate then took up the report of the Conference Committee in the bill relative to certain manufactures from Internal Revenue tax, which was disagreed to by 22 to 9.

The Chairman appointed a new Committee of Conference, consisting of Messrs. Sherman, Howard and Morton.

Mr. Trumbull called up the bill relative to the political disabilities of R. R. Butler, of Tennessee.

Mr. Buckalew took the floor in opposition, but yielded to a motion to adjourn; and the Senate then adjourned until Monday at eleven a. m.

HOUSE.

The House considered the bill admitting Alabama to representation in Congress.

Mr. Ashley, of Ohio, offered a substitute, and Mr. Kerr of Indiana opposed it.

Mr. Bingham's motion to strike out the 3d section of the bill was agreed to, the vote, on a count by the Speaker, was 74 to 38, the House refusing to order the yeas and nays.

The next question was on Mr. Stevens' amendment to strike out after the first section and insert as follows:

SECTION 2. *And be it further enacted*, That said State of Alabama shall be recognized and admitted into the Union upon the following conditions: That the right of suffrage of citizens of the United States shall never be denied or abridged in said State, on any account, except for treason, felony, or other crimes infamous at common law, but that suffrage, as above provided for, shall for ever be universal and impartial, and that Congress shall have power to annul any act of the State Legislature in violation or derogation of this act with regard to suffrage, and may regulate the same in case of such alteration. If the right of suffrage in the State of Alabama shall ever be restricted below the universal right hereinafter provided for, then all legislation admitting said State, shall be null and void.

The amendment was repealed without a division, and the question came on the substitute, offered by Mr. Spaulding for the original bill, as follows:

That the Constitution formed by the Convention of Alabama, and which was submitted for ratification by the people in the election commencing on the 4th day of February, 1868, is hereby declared to be the fundamental and organic law for a Provisional Government for the people of Alabama, so far as the same is not in conflict with the Constitution and laws of the United States. And the officers elected at said election shall, on the 1st day of May, 1868, qualify as prescribed for in said Constitution and the ordinances of said Convention, and immediately thereafter enter upon the discharge of the duties of their respective offices.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the Governor at any time after he shall have been qualified and entered upon the duties of his office, may by a proclamation convene the Legislature chosen at such election, which shall, when so convened, have all the power conferred by said Constitution, which may not conflict with the Constitution and laws of the United States. And the Legislature is hereby further empowered to submit said Constitution to the qualified electors of Alabama for ratification at such time as it may designate; and said Legislature is also empowered by a majority vote of each House to submit said Constitution framed by the Convention [illegible] with or without amendments proposed by the Legislature, and if any amendments be proposed by the Legislature, they shall be voted upon separately and not in connection with the Constitution as it come from the convention.

Sec. 3. That whenever the people by a majority of the votes of the electors of Alabama, qualified under the act of March 23, 1867, to vote for the delegates to form a constitution, and actually voting on said ratification, shall ratify a constitution submitted as aforesaid, and the Legislature of the proposed State organization shall have adopted the fourteenth article of the amendment to the Constitution, then the Constitution of Alabama may be presented to Congress for its approval.

Sec. 4. That the district commanders shall furnish all necessary aid in enforcing this and the act of March 2, 1867, entitled "An Act to Provide for a More Efficient Government of the Rebel States," and the acts supplementary thereto and amendatory thereof, which shall remain in full force in Alabama, except as modified by this act, until Alabama shall be restored to representation in Congress.

The vote was taken by yeas and nays, and resulted: Yeas, 77; nays, 54. So the substitute was adopted.

The next question was on ordering the preamble to be engrossed, and the House refused to order it. So the preamble was rejected, and the final vote was then taken on the passage of the bill, which was passed; yeas, 102, nays, 20. It was a strict party vote, Mr. Stevens, of Pennsylvania, voting with the majority, and Mr. Williams, of Pennsylvania, not voting.

On motion of Mr. Spalding, the bill was amended so as to read, "A bill to provide for a temporary and provisional government in Alabama."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—BOARDERS—I have one room, unfurnished, suitable for a family. Can accommodate eight or ten day boarders. References exchanged. Apply at northwest corner of Overton and Front streets.
mh29 MRS. S. McANINCH.

LOST—A CLUSTER DIAMOND BREAST PIN, three-quarter inch diameter. A liberal reward for its return to
mh29 Mr. E. B. CARROLL, 225 Hernando street.

FOR SALE.

1,000 bales No. 1 Timothy Hay,
1,000 barrels Louisville Hydraulic Cement,
250 barrels Celebrated Missouri Magnolia Mills Flour,
100 barrels Extra Family Flour, National Mills,
300 bags Corn,
250 boxes Cheese.

Just Received and Cheap for Cash.
JOHN K. MOODY & CO.,
mh29 206 Front street.

GRAND DISPLAY
OF
Beautiful Dress Goods
AND
MANY NOVELTIES
AT
MENKEN BROTHERS

Wholesale Dry Goods
AT
NEW YORK PRICES
AT
MENKEN BROTHERS

A WEEK OF BARGAINS
MENKEN BROTHERS
OFFER VERY CHEAP
Irish Linen, Cambric,
Table Damask, Towels,
Jacouets, Swiss,
Sheetings, Domestics,
And many other Goods.
mh29

UNITED STATES
FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE CO.
OF BALTIMORE, MD.

J. W. RANDOLPH, President. H. C. JONES, Secretary.

Cash Assets January 1, 1868, : $305,889 00
Cash Assets January 1, 1868, : 438,276 00

Declared to Stockholders for year 1867 a Dividend of 25 per cent. upon Capital, amounting to $50,000 00.

PREMIUM RECEIPTS FOR 1867.
Fire Branch $163,128 00
Marine Branch 156,311 00

LOSSES.
Paid during year 1867 ..... $118,462 00

A share of patronage for this reliable Company is respectfully solicited.
G. W. L. CROOK, Agent,
a.23 Office, 329 1-2 Main Street.

TO THE JUSTICES OF THE PEACE
IN THE
Fifth and Fourteenth Civil Districts of Shelby County and to the Public.

THE undersigned having been elected and given bonds, and in other respects duly qualified as Constables for said Districts, will call every day at the offices of the Magistrates in said Districts, for the purpose of receiving and collecting all executions issued on judgments rendered by them. They are advised that a Justice of the Peace has no power or authority to depositee a citizen to collect an execution. The seizure of property by one thus deputized would be a trespass, his levy would vest in him no title to the property, nor would his said compensations any duty to the purchaser. They deem it due to themselves, who have given bonds and taken a solemn official oath, and to the public, who have suffered from the illegal acts of irresponsible parties to enforce an observance of the law on this subject in the districts in which they have been elected.
HENRY HARRIS,
Office, Odd Fellows' Hall.
WILLIAM C. LAMON,
Office, 349 Second street.
mh29 JOHN MORGAN.

ALBANY
COTTON GIN MANUFACTURING CO.,
ALBANY, NEW YORK.
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
Agricultural Machinery and Implements of the Most Approved Kinds & Patterns in Use.
MOON & GEOGHEGAN,
Cotton Factors & Commission Merchants
252 Front Street, Memphis,
AGENTS.
They keep on hand and for sale in their warehouse:
The Star Cotton Gin and Condenser,
Hand Gin and Condenser
Power Gin and Condenser,
Hand Gin, with Condenser,
Power Gin, with Condenser,
Hand Gin, without Condenser,
Power Gin, without Condenser
Cotton Cultivator or Scraper and Chopper, (Foster's Patent,)
"Star" Railway Horse Power,
"Star" Lever or Sweep Horse Power,
"Star" Thresher and Cleaner (Winnower) Combined,
"Star" Thresher and Cleaner, Horse Power, with Thresher and Separator,
Hog or Sheep Power,
Portable Wood Sawing Machinery,
Vegetable Cutters.
PLANTERS and DEALERS will do well to call and examine.
mh28

OLD WINE & LIQUOR HOUSE
Established by Raphael Semmes in 1819.
B. J. SEMMES & CO.,
Irving Block, 254 Second Street, Memphis, Tenn.
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS, ETC.
Import Direct
Martell Brandies, Port, Sherry and Other Wines.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
Moet & Chandon's "Green Seal" Champagne.
Yannissee and Westmoreland Whiskey
oct

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.
GEO. PATTISON & CO.,
NO. 317 1-2 MAIN STREET, WEST SIDE,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN SCHOOL, MISCELLANEOUS
BLANK AND MEMORANDUM BOOKS.
A large and well selected stock of everything in our line kept constantly on hand at Lowest Market Price. Wholesale dealers would do well to examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.
mh6

CAROLINA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
Of Memphis, Tennessee.
CAPITAL : : : : : : : $200,000
M. J. WICKS, President. W. F. BOYLE, Secretary.
J. H. EDMONDSON, General Agent.
ISSUES Policies either Participating or Non-participating on all the Improved Plans of Life Insurance. No Restrictions on Travel or Residence within the settled limits of the United States or British North America. All Policies Non-forfeitable for their Equitable Value.
The Officers and Directory of this Company are determined, by a judicious and economical management of its affairs to secure for it the success which it merits as a reliable Institution.
Office, 291 Main Street.
mb5

FORSTER, KEALHOFER & CO.,
GROCERS, COTTON FACTORS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 209 Main Street, Four Doors North of Adams, Memphis, Tenn.,
General Dealers in Plantation Supplies.
IN ADDITION, ALWAYS HAVE
Choice Michigan Butter, Extra Golden Syrup, Buckwheat Flour.
Shaker Preserves, Canned Fruits, Pickles, Green and Black Teas,
Sugar, Flour, Meal, Lard, Sugar Cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon,
Choice Coffees, Irish Potatoes, Hominy, Beans, Pearl Barley.
Have in store a consignment of DRIED PEACHES—finest in the market.
Captain KEALHOFER gives special attention to Cotton and Produce consigned to the house.
Ja30

WORSHAM HOUSE
Memphis, Tennessee.

GALLOWAY & ROYALL, Proprietors.
Board Reduced from $4 00 to $3 00 per Day.

W. H. ANDREWS,
Removed to No. 289 Front Street, Two Doors Above Old Stand,
GENERAL GROCERY & COMMISSION MERCHANT,
ESPECIAL attention to consignments of all kinds. Large stock of Plantation Supplies always on hand, at lowest prices. Terms strictly cash.
mh29

Notice.
NOTICE is hereby given to all persons not to credit or loan money to my wife, JULIET M. HARBIN, as she is not responsible for her acts, and I will pay no such debts.
mh29 GEORGE C. HARBIN.

Administrator's Notice.
LETTERS of administration upon the estate of William Masey, deceased, having been granted to me by the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, at the March term, 1868, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to pay such indebtedness to me, and I hereby notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them, properly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.
mh28 R. W. BROOKS, Administrator of Wm. Masey, deceased.

For Sale Cheap.
A SUPERIOR Thirty-six Horse Power STATIONARY ENGINE AND BOILER, complete, as good as new; cost $5,500. Will sell same for $1,800. Call at 202 Madison street and see it in RUNNING ORDER.
J. H. MERRITT,
Ass't Sup't Southwestern Freight and Cotton Press Co.
mh29

NEW GOODS! NEW SPRING GOODS!
Southern Emporium of Fashion,
247 MAIN STREET,
Opposite Odd Fellows Hall, between Court and Jefferson streets.
MRS. M. C. HUNTER HAS JUST RECEIVED AN elegant lot of
Spring Millinery and Fancy Goods
Of all kinds, which she will take pleasure in showing to all who may favor her with a call.
DRESS MAKING in all its various branches promptly attended to. Stamping and Braiding done to order.
mh28

J. K. LYTLE, J. McELREE, R. A. LYTLE.
CITY GROCERY.
J. K. LYTLE & CO.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Choice Groceries & Family Supplies
141 & 143 Poplar St, Memphis, Tenn.
NOTICE—We give our BUTTER, CHEESE and TEA trade our "special care," and is presenting our card to the public we desire to draw their attention to the above mentioned branches of our business.
Goods delivered to all parts of the city free of charge.
mh29

WM. L. HARRIS HENRY T. ELLETT, JAS. PHELAN.
HARRIS, ELLETT & PHELAN,
Attorneys at Law,
MEMPHIS TENNESSEE.
Office—Monroe Street, between Main and Second.

MEGIBBEN & BROTHER,
WHOLESALE
LIQUOR DEALERS,
Main 283 M St. Memphis, Tenn

ICE! ICE!! ICE!!
BOHLEN, HUSE & CO.,
Wholesale & Retail Dealers in Ice,
296 1-2 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.
WE would remind dealers in Ice, in the railroad and river towns, that the Spring is the best time to lay in their stock. While we are unloading, we can sell it by car load or in large quantities cheaper than after it is put in store, and the wastage in transit is much less.
Packing orders promptly filled, when money is sent with them, or when ordered through a city merchant.
feb15 BOHLEN, HUSE & CO

OPENING DAY!
WEDNESDAY, MARCH 25.
ELEGANT AND COMPLETE STOCK
OF ALL THE
NOVELTIES OF THE SEASON
L. KREMER.
mh29

LUMBER,
SHINGLES,
LATHS,
DOORS,
SASH,
BLINDS, Etc.
Cheaper than ever. Orders from the country promptly and faithfully attended to.
W. T. SWANWICK & CO.,
Foot Adams Street,
Opposite Bradley Block.
mh28

R. D. WARD & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Field and Garden Seeds
232 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.
100 bushels Clover Seed,
100 bushels Timothy Seed,
200 bushels Millett Seed,
500 bushels Stock Peas,
200 bushels Herd Grass,
150 bushels Hungarian,
100 bushels Blue Grass,
100 bushels Orchard Grass,
100 bushels Goober Peas,
300 bushels Black Oats,
50 barrels Landreth's Goodrich Potatoes,
Seed Grain of all kinds,
Garden and Agricultural Implements,
25 barrels Union Sets.
mh28

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

SUNDAY, : : : MARCH 29, 1868

OFFICIAL JOURNAL
OF THE CITY AND BOARD OF SCHOOL VISITORS.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail Daily	6:00 P.M.	11:00 P.M
Through Express Daily	10:00 P.M.	11:30 P.M
Corinth Accommodation Daily, except Sunday		6:00 A.M
Somerville Accommodation Daily, except Sunday	8:35 A.M.	5:00 P.M

Railroad time twenty minutes faster than city time. Ticket offices, 276 Main street and at Depot.

The Through Express does not leave Belzebub on Sunday.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express—Daily	3:30 P.M.	4:15 P.M
Sardis Accommodation, Daily, except Sunday	9:30 A.M	1:30 P.M
Freight, North, Monday, Wednesday and Friday; South, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	3:25 P.M.	2:30 A.M

Trains start Sunday, March 8, 1868.

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Day Express	9:10 A.M.	7:30 A.M.
Night Express	7:10 P.M.	4:00 P.M.

Railroad time 15 minutes faster than city. Ticket office No. 276 Main street. Depot head of Main street.

POST OFFICE ARRANGEMENTS.

CLOSING OF MAILS.

For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Boston, Albany, New York, Baltimore, and all cities North and West, at 2:30 P.M.

For Chattanooga, Richmond, Washington, Augusta, Columbus, Montgomery, Mobile, New York, Nashville, and all cities South and East, at 12:45 P.M.

For New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Jackson, Vicksburg, Natchez, and all cities South, at 5:15 P.M.

All stations on Mississippi and Tennessee Southern and New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroads, at 5:15 P.M.

All Stations on the Memphis and Louisville and Branch railroads, at 2:30 P.M.

All Stations on the Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi Central, Mobile and Ohio, Nashville and Decatur, Nashville and Chattanooga and East Tennessee Railroads, at 12:45 P.M.

ROBERT C. TOBEY, Postmaster.

Officers and conductors of railroads are requested to give no free transportation to any one on the credit of the Avalanche.

M. C. GALLAWAY & CO

Elder T. W. Caskey will preach at the Linden Street Christian Church to-day, at eleven a.m. and at half past seven p.m.

Dr. Graves will preach in the First Baptist Church to-day, morning and evening, at the usual hours. The subject for the night discourse is "Spiritism."

There will be preaching at the Central Methodist Church, on Union street, at eleven a.m. and seven p.m., by Rev. F. A. Trudlow. Sabbath school at nine a.m.

Dr. J. B. Ferguson, of Nashville, will deliver an address at the Memphis Club Hall, corner Second and Union streets, this (Sunday) morning at eleven o'clock.

Services at the First Presbyterian Church, corner of Poplar and Third streets, to-day, at eleven a.m. and at half past seven p.m., by Rev. George A. Caldwell.

Services at the First Cumberland Presbyterian Church, Court street, as follows: Sunday school at nine a.m.; at eleven a.m. installation of Rev. L. C. Ramsom as pastor, with a sermon by Rev. Dr. J. O. Birney, Rev. Reuben Burrow presiding and delivering the charge assisted by Rev. W. M. Ewing; preaching at half past seven

The edifice of the Chelsea Baptist Church has been enlarged, renovated, and in every way improved. For this the community are indebted mainly to the earnest and self denying efforts of the ladies of the congregation. The house will be reopened for service at the usual hours to-day.

The following list of telegrams remain in the office uncalled for: W H Reynolds, W H Monteomery, G H Gibson, S H Moore, G B Foute, R C Brinkley, G Myer, Hays Coal Co., Jacob Levy, Anderson & Watson, Porter & Herbert.

THE LATE ATTEMPTED OUTRAGE.—The three negro boys, Johnson, Malone and Mack, arrested for attempting to violate a little white girl, were brought before Esquire Kiernan. Several witnesses were examined. The case will be decided on Monday.

MISS FANNY PIERSON'S BENEFIT.—Go to Miss Fanny Pierson's benefit at the theatre Monday night. A splendid musical and comedy bill will be presented. Miss Pierson has labored unceasingly to please the public, and succeeded in establishing herself a universal favorite. Let appreciation be substantially testified to-morrow night by dollars.

THE VARIETIES.—Mill's Edith and Misses Kent, De Vere, Whitney, Johnny Hart, Tony Benton and Charley White, continue to delight the frequenters of this favorite resort. The vocalizations of Misses Kent and De Vere are especially admired, and nightly received with applause.

AT an election of officers in Young Men's Division No. 60, Sons of Temperance, the following officers were elected for the ensuing term: Robert Gardside, W. P.; F. Z. Brillis, W. A.; N. C. Norwood, R. G.; A. B. Durff, A. R. G.; Nelson, F. S.; George Rohr, Treasurer; William Hightower, Chaplain; Dr. William Chambers, Conductor; D. Richards, Assistant Conductor; Jesse Spivey, I. G.; Graham, O. S. Public installation next Monday evening at Temperance Hall, corner of Court and Main streets, at half past seven o'clock.

LECTURE BY STONEWALL'S CHAPLAIN.—Dr. Lacey, who was the chaplain and bosom friend of Stonewall Jackson, will deliver a lecture next Thursday evening at the Cumberland Presbyterian Church. Subject: "Life and Character of Stonewall Jackson." The Doctor is a brilliant orator, and has a prolific and beautiful theme. The lecture is for the benefit of the Ladies' Missionary Association, which has in view the admirable object of building a mission chapel for the poor. We hope to see a large audience of our best people.

LARGEST SALE OF COTTON OF THE SEASON.—Noted as is the cotton and commission house of Messrs. Williamson, Hill & Co., 326 Front street, for extensive sales of cotton, a transaction of the firm yesterday had any of its predecessors in the shade. A couple of months ago they astonished the market by selling upwards of 800 bales in a single lot, but yesterday made a single transaction of 1,040 bales. The cotton, which was of fine quality, sampled as middling and strict middling, went at the highest rates. The middlings went for 25 to 25½c, and the low middling for 24 to 24½c. Messrs. Williamson, Hill & Co., have reason to feel proud of their success as cotton-sellers, which has been simply extraordinary. This, as everybody in this portion of the Southwest knows, is a staunch house, whose proprietors and attaches are shrewd, active business men, who keep their eyes open. We are gratified to record the achievements of such establishments.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS, NOTICE.—Great reduction in the price of prints, bleached and brown domestics, 10 4 sheetings, plain and striped osnaburgs and jeans, at J. H. Loewenstine & Bro.'s, Clay Building. Must close out the stock. tf

All linen table cloths, 75c; towels, 16½c; hoop skirts, 50c; corsets, 75c; all linen hem-stitched handkerchiefs, 25c; good Marseilles quilts, $2 50, at J. H. Loewenstine & Bro.'s, No. 231 Main street. Closing out. tf

Ladies' cloth gaiters from 50c to $1 25; children's shoes from 50c to $1; greatest bargains in boots and shoes; price of men's boots and shoes reduced —at J. H. Loewenstine & Bro.'s, Clay Building. Selling out, to quit business. tf

Gents' clothing at greatly reduced prices; gents' full bosom and linen bosom shirts, $1 25; gents' hemmed handkerchiefs, 25c; gents' good cassimere hats, $2—at J. H. Loewenstine & Bro.'s, 231 Main street. Open till nine p.m. tf

Lace points! Lace points! Lace points! Large assortment at L. KREMER'S.

No opening or closing. We propose to do what we advertise. An immense stock of dry goods, notions and trimmings to suit the ladies, at A. Seessel & Son, 259 Main street. 1w

JOB PRINTING.—Messrs. Dalton & Price, under the Commercial Hotel, Jefferson street, are turning out fine job work of all kinds. Their assortment of types is fine and their workmen are second to none. Cards, circulars, bill-heads, dray tickets, and every thing else in their line executed neatly and promptly.

Herzog & Bro., 316½ Main street, have opened silk sacks of the latest importation.

The sun-hinge burner, for burning coal oil, gives a better light than any other burner. Call and see it, at O. F. Prescott & Co.'s, No. 40 Jefferson street. 2t

COAL AT REDUCED PRICES.—The Hays Coal company will deliver the best Pittsburg coal at $1 10 per barrel. Office 287 Main street. 1w

Emmons & Son, No. 10 Jefferson and No. 393 Main street, have received the Police News and Gazette, Frank Leslie's, New York Weekly, New York Clipper, Pilot, Banner, Irish People, Ledger, and a great many more kinds of weeklies, and all the Magazines for April. Everybody goes to Emmons & Son to get their reading matter. Emmons & Son is never behind time. Emmons & Son is the place.

REMOVAL.—Mr. W. H. Andrews, the well known grocer and commission merchant, has removed to 280 Front street, two doors above his old stand. He will be pleased to see his old customers and the public generally at the new place.

THE LEECH-LEWIS SCANDAL.

A Lengthy Statement from Thomas Lewis of his Side of the Affair.

What the Young Man has to say for Himself—Extensive Special Pleading.

How that Important Affidavit was Procured—And why Lewis left the City.

Society has not yet recovered from the shock produced by the Leech-Lewis sensation of a few weeks ago. It was commented upon by everybody, although only one side of the story reached the public. We used every endeavor to prevent any publication, for obvious reasons; but it soon reached the world through other channels. Whatever mischief was involved has been done, and there is now no impropriety in alluding to it again.

We have received a narrative from the young man, Thomas O. Lewis, with the request that it be published as his version of the affair. It purports to be a plain, truthful statement of not only the occurrences so fresh in the public mind, but circumstances, running through years, which led to the final catastrophe. It embraces the leading points of the young man's career, from his arrival in America, in 1860, to his sudden exit from Memphis in February last, and in many essentials contradicts the reports already published in the newspapers of this most unfortunate denouement, which has carried misery and humiliation into more than one innocent family.

Since fact and rumor have been borne on a thousand wings, and stories of every conceivable character are rife, many of them no doubt grossly exaggerated, it seems but justice to Lewis that, under the circumstances, he should be heard. We therefore give it below, without omitting a single statement necessary to the object in view.

"In 1860 Mr. and Mrs. L. called at my father's in London, and as one result of their visit it was resolved that I should accompany them to America, to remain five years, they to take charge of me. At the end of the time (I was sixteen then) I was to return home. During the passage out I should have been much affected and grieved at my new situation but for the kindness of Mrs. L., whose treatment of me was that of a sister. Appreciating the interest she seemed to feel in me, I naturally sought to reciprocate it, and evening after evening when Mr. L. was in the cabin playing cards we sat on deck and talked of my old home, and the new one to which we were going. After arriving in Memphis I was employed by Mr. L., but shortly after the war commenced became connected with the Confederate Quartermaster's Department at Memphis, leaving with its effects for the South when the city was captured.

"During all this time Mr. L. was a sister to me in everything, taking my part on all occasions when I was assailed by members of the family. After Memphis was captured business considerations induced Mr. L. to go South. He and his family were soon established at Columbus, Mississippi, where I ultimately joined them.

"Two or three pages of the narrative are here taken up with incidents connected with the sojourn at Columbus. It seems that a young lady friend of the family at this time poisoned Mr. L.'s mind against Lewis, endeavoring, (without cause, the latter avers,) to create the impression that too intimate relations existed between the young man and Mrs. L.

"These wicked stories," continues Lewis, "caused Leech to write all over the Confederacy and enquire of everybody for confirmation of them. I knew nothing of this until after the war, having gone into Memphis sometime before it closed. I noticed from my friend Reynolds, a marked coolness toward me, which was most unaccountable. I did not ask him the reason then, but awaited Mrs. L.'s arrival, when she told me of the slanders that had been circulated. I at once went to Mr. L. and asked him if he believed these tales. He replied no, in a rather sullen and dogged manner. I told him his manner did not accord with his words, and that I should voluntarily absent myself from his and his wife's presence until he should come to me and apologize for the manner in which he treated me.

"I never saw either of them for, I think, over a year, when, one morning, Mr. L. came to me and said he was sorry for the discourtesy shown me by him, and hoped I would forget it, and revisit his house on my old footing. Of course I joyfully consented, and walked around to the house that evening, and took tea.

"Here occurs a recital of an intrigue of Mr L. in Mobile, of which he repented, confessing all to his wife, who was much distressed, but never had any confidence in him afterwards. That details of this continued merely because of their bearings on what follows.

"I gradually became very intimate with Mr. L., running around with him in many places, proper and improper, all without knowledge of his wife. She, however, being naturally very shrewd, had, I am satisfied, observed his movements more closely than either of us anticipated, and detected him several times in flagrant infidelity.

"One evening I called and found Mr. L. out upon some expedition of a private nature. I sat down and conversed for some time. It is useless to narrate what followed. It is enough to say that I forgot my friendship to Mr. L., and her sisterly kindness and affection to me for years, and fell.

* * * * I heartily regretted this act, and hoped that, by careful deportment in the future, this would be forever forgotten by both of us. But fate ruled otherwise; and now, after a lapse of two years, it is revived, and she has accomplished what she doubtless sought to do from the first—my ruin.

* * * *

"I cannot imagine, in the wildest conjectures of my brain, how this dreadful truth became public. The very first intimation that I received of even a suspicion existing in any other mind than Mr. L.'s was on Sunday, 23d of February, when, in response to a knock at my room door, I admitted General H. and Mr. L.'s brother. They entered with a very solemn air, and said they had come upon an important errand, one which involved the happiness of a man who had befriended me on all occasions, and who was rendered miserable by the discovery of a fact in which I was an active participant. They endeavored to make me particulars to accede to certain requests that they proposed, as being the only manner in which I could repair the wrong I had done him. I told them I should compromise nothing of the kind, and requested them to come to the point at once, as to the nature of the visit.

"They then told me that Mr. L. had intercepted a letter from Mrs. L. to me, and showed me the envelope. I recognized the handwriting and the address, and (although the date of the postoffice clerk's error is a very plausible one, I shall always believe there was collusion between the postoffice officials and Mr. Leech to hand my letter to him, as I feel assured this is not the first letter he has secured in that manner by a good many) they said the letter contained the most convincing proofs of Mr. Leech's worst suspicions. They then read extracts therefrom.

"You must know that it is now nearly two years since the offense, which was never repeated, was committed. I was at an age (only a little over twenty), when discretion or thought is seldom employed. I have endeavored to blot out its remembrance, and hoped it would be for ever buried; but here, after a silence of two years, this thing rises up like a hideous phantom and scatters desolation far and wide. Although I do not hold myself blameless, it does seem hard on me that I should leave business, friends, and all ties of an affectionate nature, for an offense almost forgotten by me, and which ninety-nine men out of a hundred would have committed.

"But to return to my narrative. After being shown the letter, I said how futile would be the result of any effort to deny its truth, and told them they were at liberty to do as they pleased; for I should not trouble myself to deny the letter or prevaricate on its contents. They then told me that through their influence Mr. L. had been restrained from killing me at once; that he was in an almost frantic state, and only forcibly kept away. I thanked them for their kindness, but assured them that I thought Mr. Leech could be permitted to walk out in safety, as there was no danger of his killing me; for if that had been his inclination from the first he would have found plenty of chances of doing so without seeking the company of themselves to hold him back. I told them I would do all in my power to repair the wrong I had done, but would not stir one foot to do so while they threatened me; for I told them that after the first paroxysm of rage was spent, to kill me then would be to commit a cold blooded murder, that none of them had the audacity to perpetrate. They then related a variety of circumstances that had come to their knowledge of occurrences both in this country and in Europe, and assured me that they had abundant proof, but that if I would sign an affidavit of a certain purport a divorce would be obtained quietly, without the public knowing anything about it.

"They then implored me by the memory of the old friendship between my father and Mr. L. and for the sake of his family, whose members would sooner or later enter society, to enable him to rid himself of a woman who was false to him, reiterating that if I would confer this lasting favor on the injured husband the whole affair could be quietly managed.

"I studied over this for at least fifteen minutes, and thought over the whole matter in a calm and collected manner. I knew they could never live together again; that the children could be saved; that the mother was lost to every one, anyhow; that it was my duty to mitigate the wrong I had almost unconsciously committed. I weighed all these things carefully, and concluded that by giving an affidavit I would at once prevent publicity, and save those whom I was implored to save. Had I known how the secrecy was to be kept, no influence on earth could have been brought to bear upon me to do as I did.

"I promised the gentlemen I would sign a simple affidavit of facts on one condition: that nothing should be seen of it by any body; that Mrs. L.'s name should never be mentioned in any other manner than that in which she had always been regarded by the outer world; that the divorce should be obtained in a secret manner, and that her absence from Memphis should be permanent instead of temporary, which, considering its length already, would not be the subject of more than a passing remark from outsiders, and that all the world would be in a perfect state of ignorance as to the real condition of affairs.

"All this they pledged their words of honor as gentlemen to perform. * * * This was Sunday afternoon. On Monday morning I went to business as usual, but after I had posted my books a gentleman, whom I knew to be a friend, came and asked to speak to me privately, suggesting my room as the proper place. Once there, he said he was perfectly familiar with the whole affair; that he most sincerely regretted it, and gave me in words every assurance of his sympathy and friendship for me. He rehearsed the facts already given, and advised me to leave Memphis, at least, for a time, and promised to procure for me letters of recommendation as one of the best and most reliable accountants he had ever seen, and begged me to furnish the affidavit, as the only means of saving exposure. I talked with him a long time, and told him that I had concluded to do as he wished, provided he used his influence to keep everything perfectly quiet. He quickly promised, assuring me, as had the others, that the utmost secrecy should be maintained.

"On Monday afternoon I accompanied General H. to his office and gave a simple affidavit of facts, feeling that by the action I was doing all in my power for the benefit of every one concerned. After the completion of the affair the Deputy Clerk of the Chancery Court was induced to promise to keep the document in his safe until the day of granting the divorce, when it would be filed with the records of the case and hidden from view forever. My surprise and mortification may be imagined when I read the abominable trash published by some of the Memphis papers, which, I am sure, could be very little if I was assured would keep the affair in a perfect state of quietude. How this thing ever became known is something that surpasses my wildest imaginings.

"This is a true statement of this sad affair, and I assure you that I did what I thought best. I do not care for the opinions of but a very few in your city, and shall cut loose from all others and Memphis with little regret. I know that I am a few friends there who weigh my good qualities against my faults, and refuse to be prejudiced in some of the anathemas that have been so profusely hurled against me. I never before in my whole life felt so utterly miserable, so heartily sick of everything on this earth. I have no desire to see anything or anybody, and the very name of Memphis inspires me with a loathing that is unmanly but impossible to eradicate.

"THOMAS O. LEWIS."

The narrative, assuming its truthfulness, places Lewis in a more unenviable light than before. Without attempting to pronounce upon the probability of statements made under fear, to shield one of the guilty parties—the strongest—from punishment at the expense of the weaker, we have in the above the extraordinary spectacle of Leech adopting this unmanly course without being able to plead the poor, pitiful excuse of intimidation. His affidavit, under the circumstances, will weigh but little with a jury, and few reading it or the narrative will be particularly inclined to attach much credit to either. Throughout, the story is a case of special pleading—a studied effort to blacken the poor woman who for years had defended him against others, even at the risk of her motives being suspected, and been to him as the tenderest, best of sisters and friends.

COUNTY MISMANAGEMENT.

What it Costs to Provide a Court House for Shelby County.

More Paid for Rents than a Structure Can be Erected for.

How the Blewis Concern Lessen the Burden of Taxation—A few Figures.

It would be useless for a Memphis journal, even if so disposed, to deny that Mr. W. B. Greenlaw is one of our most enterprising, public spirited citizens. This is a fact too well known and generally acknowledged to be controverted. But when, in articles, intended for public benefit, he indirectly bolsters up the actions of the County Commissioners, headed by the notorious Barbour Lewis, he undertakes a task likely to prove too much for him. When, in printed communications, addressed to this body, he says, in substance, "Your honors are actuated by a spirit to protect the interests of Shelby county, and cooperate with good men to lessen the burden of taxation," etc., the soft solder is piled on just a little too thick. The only effect is to gain for him the reputation of perpetrating first class irony. It is a notorious fact that the County Commissioners have wished money as freely as water on political and personal favorites, without regard to the public interests. Mr. Greenlaw must certainly be familiar with this fact. If not, he has observed the drift of public affairs to little advantage. Perhaps we can, by way of answering a recent question of a correspondent, enlighten him on at least one point with which he should be familiar.

This point is the block recently built by him and mainly occupied as a county court house. The building cost, probably, $35,000, and, it must be admitted, is admirably adapted to the purpose for which it was erected.

Let us see how much in this matter the County Commissioners were actuated by a desire to "cooperate with good men to lessen the burden of taxation." To commence: a contract was made to pay Mr. Greenlaw $6,000 per year for the second and third stories of the building. To facilitate matters, two years' rent—$12,000—was paid in advance. It was agreed that the county was to incur the expense of constructing the necessary vaults Mr. Greenlaw did the work, and $10,000 were advanced for the purpose. When Mr. Greenlaw handed over the keys, as per contract, the building had to be furnished. The tax payers will be interested on learning what this cost.

Mr. Joseph Greenlaw furnished the coarse matting and carpets for $5,596 72; Mr. John L. Eichberg the stoves for $1,462 25; Mr. Joseph C. Flannery put in the gas fixtures for $339 92; an extra allowance was made to Mr. J. K. Winchell, architect, because the Commissioners thought he had not been paid enough by Mr. Greenlaw. (What had they to do with Mr. Greenlaw's contracts, by the way?) Messrs. James, Beaty & Jones furnished furniture to the value of $961 75; Mr. Mitchell & Co, furniture, $40; Eastland & Stanley, spittoons, $49 33. Besides, an extra contract was given to Mr. Greenlaw for plumbing, furnishing railings for the offices, desks, book cases, etc. We could not obtain all the figures on the contract, but understand that they aggregate upward of $7,000.

Mr. Greenlaw's ground lease is for ten years, and we presume the county lease on the building is for that time. Besides the portions rented to the county there are three commodious store rooms below, belonging to Mr. Greenlaw. Let us see what this building has already cost the tax payers:

Rent, two years in advance	$12,000 00
Vaults	10,000 00
J Greenlaw, carpets and matting	5,596 72
J L Eichberg, stoves	1,462 25
J C Flannery, gas fixtures	339 92
J K Winchell, architect	250 00
Ames, Beaty & Jones, furniture	961 75
John Mitchell & Co, furniture	40 00
Eastland & Co, spittoons	49 33
W B Greenlaw, extra contract—estimate	7,000 00
Total	$38,329 97

It will be remembered that this includes only preparing the building for occupation and rent for two years. Deducting the rent ($12,000), we have an expenditure of $26,329 33 for furnishing the vaults, carpets, desks, book-cases, etc.—within $10,000 of a sufficient sum to erect the entire building. Assuming that no more furniture, etc., will be bought, the building will cost in ten years, exclusive of current expenses—

Rent, ten years	$60,000 00
Vaults and furnishing	26,329 33
Total	$86,329 33

This is economy with a vengeance. It is a good thing for Mr. Greenlaw, who, no doubt, earnestly desires taxation reduced, but not a very effective method of bringing about that result.

Say the building is worth $35,000. A lot of sufficient dimensions could have been procured in an eligible location for $20,000 more; the building could be as well furnished, vaults and all, for $17,000—total cost of building, $72,000. At the end of ten years, the county will have paid $86,329 33 for the mere privilege of occupying. For $72,000 the people could *own* equally as good a building. Of course, this is on the basis of county warrants, which would be par now but for the worthless management of affairs by the County Commissioners.

When next Mr. Greenlaw defends even impliedly the Blewis Mutual Admiration Society, it would be well to make a close investigation into the facts. His recent offer of "eighteen storerooms" to responsible parties willing to pay the taxes and insurance was commendable, but in view of the above facts the less said in favor of the management and "co-operation" of the Commissioners the better. While such management as that body have shown in connection with the court house prevails, instead of the taxes being reduced, as Mr. Greenlaw desires, it will be necessary to increase them yearly. Will Mr. Greenlaw say that he really indorses the course of the County Commissioners? We think not.

Jewelry! Jewelry! Jewelry! In coral, steel, gold, jet, cameo—latest designs—at L. KREMER'S.

Fringes, buttons and the new style colored lace just opened at Herzog & Bro.'s, 316½ Main street.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

The Police Court settled the hash of fifteen applicants for speedy justice yesterday morning.

Our old friend Captain Wm. Underwood has returned, much improved in health, from a visit to the far South. His friends will find him ready for business again at the old place.

Upwards of 2,000 bales of cotton—nearly all of high grades—changed hands on the market yesterday. The market was active all day, and closed booming.

Yesterday we omitted, unintentionally, to mention the prominent part taken by Judge Scruggs in the contested election case. He was the original counsel in the case against Hayden (colored), and made one of the ablest, most unanswerable arguments ever offered in the city.

The Grand Jury of the Municipal Court are not in session. It was discovered by Judge Waldran, that, having discharged them for the term, he cannot order their reassemblage. So the infamous Blewis cannot be indicted until the next term of the Court.

Yesterday Stout Pullen (colored), arrested for stealing cotton from Capt. R. G. Tucker, was committed for trial in the Criminal Court in default of bail.

It seems that the man shot at Friday night, on Adams street, was wounded in the toe. His name is Pat Dolan, and yesterday he caused the arrest of Officer Fenton, for shooting with intent to kill.

Charles Lockland (nig.) is under arrest for stealing a pair of pantaloons.

No business was transacted by the Board of County Commissioners yesterday. To-morrow the contested election cases will be decided.

Henry Adams (colored) was committed for trial by Esquire Foley yesterday, charged with stealing a wagon wheel.

A negro bagnio on Gayoso street was subjected to a police raid yesterday. Three or four female inmates were escorted to the station house. They indignantly protested, but for nothing.

The best trunks at the factory, No. 352 Main street. 2t

FRUIT TREES, GRAPES, ETC., AT AUCTION.—Cayce & Son, 300 Second street, will offer for sale on Tuesday morning a select assortment of peaches, Hartford, prolific, Concord and Clinton grapes, etc. This stock was shipped from E. F. Babcock's St. Clair nurseries, on the 25th instant, and are in prime order for planting. A lot of Hales early in the shipment. 2t

NEW SPRING FASHIONS.—We have received our comple stock of spring goods. The qualities and styles of goods we keep are too well known for any comments here; but we wish only to remind all our friends and customers that our goods have been purchased at the lowest cash prices, and we will sell at small advance on cost. We say this much in order to caution our friends against some designing and interested parties, who try to represent us as selling at high prices. Call and judge for yourself. L. KREMER.

New shape Bradley's skirts just received. L. KREMER.

ODD FELLOWS PIC-NIC.—The brethren of the Odd Fellows' Lodge in this city are making extensive arrangements for the pic nic to be given on the 27th of April. Tickets are already for sale, and can be purchased at the following places: G. D. Johnson's drug store, 153 Main street; Bigley, Mellersh & Co., 25 South Court street; W. S. Bruce & Co., 37 Main street.

PAVING SHELBY STREET.—The City Engineer and assistants are making preparations for the paving of Shelby street, commencing at Union street. On Monday the work of grading will be formally commenced.

Elegant silk sacks and parasols in newest designs, at A. Seessel & Son, 259 Main street. 1w

Trimming ribbons and fringes, all shades and colors, at A. Seessel & Son, 259 Main street. 1w

Desirable shades of poplins for dresses and walking suits, at A. Seessel & Son, 259 Main street. 1w

White and colored Marseilles, and trimmings to match, at A. Seessel & Son, 259 Main street. 1w

Angle seamless kid gloves, Alexander kid gloves, in all shades, at A. Seessel & Son, 259 Main street. 1w

SPRING GOODS.—Our lady readers should not forget that Messrs. A. Seessel & Son, 259 Main street, are receiving their spring stock of dry goods, which embraces all the latest styles to be found in the East. They have been selected with especial reference to the wants of this market, and an inspection will convince all interested that they will exactly fill the bill. The house of Seessel & Son is noted for the excellence of the goods sold, fair dealing and uniform courtesy to customers. Call and inspect the new goods.

Trunks repaired at the factory, No. 352 Main street. 2t

The cheapest trunks at the Factory, 352 Main street. 2t

Ladies' traveling companions at the factory, 352 Main street. 2t

Grand opening of Spring and Summer Millinery goods on Wednesday, April 1st, 1868, at C. Doherty's, 338 Main street. 4t

Popular ideas are best demonstrated by patronizing the popular merchant tailors, Power & McGeoy, Second street, near Jefferson, who have just received a choice and well selected stock of imported cloths, cassimers and vestings, which are being rapidly cut up and made into beautiful garments. We recommend those who would have well fitting suits to call at once.

Grand spring opening, on Monday, March 30th, at Mrs. M. C. Hunter's Southern emporium of fashion, No. 247 Main street, between Court and Jefferson. The ladies will find a new and complete stock of bonnets and hats, silk and lace mantillas, parasols, gloves, ladies' and children's dresses, trimmings, corsets, and every variety of fancy goods. 2t

GOSHEN BUTTER! GOSHEN BUTTER!!—A choice lot of Goshen butter, received direct from New York by Lyle & Co, 14, Poplar street. 2t

OUR DECISION ON SEWING MACHINES.—Being thoroughly conversant with all the leading sewing machines, we hesitate not in recommending the Wheeler & Wilson improved lock-stitch machine to all wishing a reliable family machine, as being far superior to all other machines, for durability, ease of operating, neatness of work, and the great variety of work they are capable of doing. Call and see them at the sale room of A. Sumner & Co., 256 Second street. tf

Planters wanting boots, shoes, or the very latest style of hats, should call at the large and magnificent house of J. T. Handlan & Co., where they are selling under cost. 1m

COST! COST!! COST!!!.—The large and splendid stock of boots, shoes and hats—one of the finest in the South—to be closed out at less than Eastern cost, for cash, at J. T. Handlan & Co.'s, No. 279 Main street. 1m

Murray and Ridgely, merchant tailors, 31 Madison street, have received a well selected stock of cloths, cassimeres and vestings, which for style and quality, cannot be surpassed in this or any other city. 1m

K. K. K.—C. B. Warner, 41 Monroe street, is selling sash, doors and blinds, at less than cost, to close business. 2w

Under head of special notice will be found the card of Dr. James. It should receive the attention of all.

SPRING MILLINERY.—Ladies wishing cheap hats and bonnets, of the very latest styles, should call on the Misses Quinlan, No. 240 Main street, corner of Jefferson. 2t

W. H. Passmore & Co. sell to-morrow morning, at their salesrooms, a large variety of household furniture. Also a superior seven octave piano, mirrors, paintings and engravings.

COAL—THE PRICE REDUCED.—From this date we will sell the best Pittsburg coal at one dollar and ten cents per barrel, delivered. A fresh supply just received and ready for delivery. Give us a call. C. T. PETERSON, 13 Madison street.

Dr. James can be consulted to-day (Sunday) from nine a.m. to one p.m. His rooms are at 199 Main street, Webster block. His card will be found under special notices.

Herzog & Bro., 316½ Main street, have opened beautiful spring poplins, mozambiques and grenadines.

A large lot of hosiery, corsets and new hoop skirts received at Herzog & Bro.'s, 316½ Main street.

TO MILLINERS AND COUNTRY MERCHANTS.—We will give great inducements in supplying them at our house. L. KREMER.

B. K. Plain & Co., lumber dealers, 364 Second street, have on hand a full supply of lumber, lathe, shingles, doors, sash, blinds and glass, which they are selling low. 1w

PITTSBURG COAL.—Those desiring the best of Pittsburg coal can obtain it in any quantity, from a barrel to a boat load, of Bigley, Mellersh & Co., No. 25 South Court street. They keep nothing but the best quality, and deliver in any portion of the city and suburbs.

Herzog & Bro. call especial attention to their large and full assortment of dress and cloak trimmings.

THE COURTS.

CHANCERY COURT—*Wm. M. Smith, Chancellor.*—The following orders and decrees were entered on yesterday:

Jones, administrator, vs Cole; order of reference.
Dickens vs Alperin; order of reference.
Risk vs Colesbury; report confirmed.
Dial vs Alsop; order of reference.
Clarke vs Stanton; appeal granted.
Cocke vs Barrell; order of sale.
Warner vs McMahon; final decree.
Morrison vs Allen; final and appeal.
Lowry vs Allen; final and appeal.
Levy & Co vs Allen; final and appeal.

The calender published for yesterday will be taken up on Monday next.

Attorneys having the papers in the case of Winchester vs H. G. Smith, will please return them without delay.

LAW COURT—*James O. Pierce, Judge, etc.*—The usual number of motions were heard on yesterday. Judge Pierce heard the argument in the election case of Matthias vs. Donovan, with reference to the Clerk of the Law Court. Not concluded The cases set for trial on Monday next, are as follows:

430 Pollock vs Swan.
431 Falwell vs Sullivan.
432 Bigley, Mellersh et al. vs Scott et al.
433 Smith vs Brinkley.
434 Adams & Co vs Packet Company.
435 Levy vs Martin.
436 Casaduax vs Grant.
437 do vs do.
438 do vs do.
439 do vs do.
440 Carnahan vs Meath.
441 Parsons vs Conway.
442 Landreth vs Ira et al.
443 Page vs Williams.
446 do vs do.
447 Cogwell vs Belleville et al.
444 Marble vs Cannovan.
449 Davis vs Robinson.
450 Anderson vs Davis.

UNITED STATES COURT.—*C. F. Trigg, Judge.*—Yesterday in the case No. 772, Banfield vs Etna Insurance Company, the complainant was permitted to withdraw declaration and leave given to file a new one.

581 and 582 judgments for plaintiffs.
172 Hall vs Steamer Louisiana; leave given to file amended answer.

Cases set for trial on April 12, 1868:

772 Banfield vs Etna Insurance Company.
773 do vs do.
774 do vs Hartford Insurance Company.

Messrs. Charles F. Bullock and R. B. Miller were sworn in and admitted as attorneys of this court.

The following jurymen were excused from further service: A. H. Rose and C. M. Carroll.

The order for final discharge, under the sixty day clause, in bankruptcy was made in the case of John C. Lewis, Shelby county, being the first final discharge granted in this district.

BANKRUPTCY COURT—*J. T. Latham, Register.*—The petition of Greenwald & Labe has been found incorrect in form by the Register. A meeting of creditors, on application for final discharge, was held on yesterday in the bankruptcy case of Ford & Nelson.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*George W. Waldran, Judge.*—Monday next will be motion day. Parties summoned on garnishees must appear and answer on Monday or judgment will be taken against them by default. A decision in the AVALANCHE contempt case is expected on Monday.

A MATTER OF INTEREST TO PLANTERS.—In another place will be found an extensive advertisement of the Albion (New York) Cotton Gin Manufacturing Company, of which Messrs. Moon & Geoghegan, cotton factors and commission merchants, No. 252 Front street, are agents. This company manufacture all kinds of cotton gins, cultivators, railway and lever or sweep horse power, threshers and cleaners, separators, dog or sheep power, portable wood sawing machines, etc. All the machinery and farming implements manufactured by this company are of the best quality and most approved patents. We suggest to planters and others interested the propriety of calling on Messrs. Moon & Geoghegan and inspecting the machines. The company are fortunate in selecting a firm so well and favorably known as thorough business men as their agents in Memphis. They cannot fail to popularize them in a short time.

Flowers! Flowers! Flowers! Magnificent styles just received from Paris at L. KREMER'S.

Beautiful parasols at low prices, at Herzog's.

About one o'clock this morning an ordinary sized brick was thrown through an open pane in our window, and fell harmlessly on the floor. Our alarmed night editor advanced to the center of the room cautiously, and found beneath the brick the following mysterious production, written in a ragged, half legible hand, on damp, thin paper. We give it for what it is worth:

K. K. K.

GRAND CYCLOP'S SEPULCHRE,
NITRO GLYCERINE DEN,
MORTAL'S MONTH, 28th.

Avenging swords hear! Gaunt spectres give ear!
Bloody bones draw nigh!

"Round about the cauldron go,
Pilot of rainy snake."

Old Brimstone, surnamed Brownlow, lingers on the shores of time to plague the earth. He cheats hell and strikes in the dark at the invisible and intangible Ku Klux. Hear this expiring old man of the Knoxville *Whig:* Our counsel once for all is, that whenever these vile miscreants make their appearance among us, mounted, booted and spurred, and however disguised, let the white and colored Radicals meet them promptly, and in the spirit of their own lawless mission, and disperse them, and if need require this in dispersing them, exterminate them.

Ku-Klux, hear the command of the Lieutenant Great Grand Cyclops:

Sons of the Bloody Dagger, Prepare!

SHORT WORK!!

Carpet Bags, Beware,
WE WILL ALL DIE,

The good die first, the bad must follow, A black monument to departed greatness in order;
No more concessions! Revenge is sweet,
It must come,
Build the monument—The ghost of departed Klans will nerve you:
The spirit of the living will assist!
Pharaoh's Drowning Host!
Moans of Burning Souls! Avenging Swords!
The River of Styx! Philistines Drown! Whet the Swords of Extermination! Slay all Traitors! Cast the worthless scabbards aside! Forget not your oaths—your bindings! *Vengeance is only delayed!*

Thrice again shall
vengeance reek;
Until blood shall flow
in every creek!
Yours on a coffin,
K. K. K., Jr.

RIVER NEWS.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
SUNDAY, March 29.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

Rubicon	VICKSBURG 5 p.m
Louisville	LOUISVILLE 5 p.m

BUSINESS—WEATHER—RIVERS.

Weather cool and cloudy. The river rose one in

DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE

EDITED, PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY

M. C. GALLAWAY & CO.

AVALANCHE BUILDING,

Memphis, Tennessee.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY—One copy, each month.....$ 1 00
" One copy, per year.....10 00
" Five copies, per year.....45 00
" Ten copies, per year.....100 00
WEEKLY—One copy, each month.....75
" One copy, three months.....1 00
" One copy, per year.....4 00
" Five copies, per year.....15 00
" Ten copies, per year.....24 00

One extra copy sent to the getter up of a club of ten. Specimen copies sent free.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

For one square, of eight lines or less, $1 00. For each additional day, up to a week, 25 cents per square. Business Notices, 10 cents per line, each insertion.

SPACE	1 DAY	2 DAYS	3 DAYS	1 WEEK	2 WEEKS	3 WEEKS	1 MONTH	2 MONTHS	3 MONTHS	6 MONTHS	1 YEAR
1	$1 00	$1 50	$2 00	$3 00	$4 00	$5 00	$6 00	$8 00	$10 00	$15 00	$20 00
2	2 00	3 00	4 00	6 00	8 00	10 00	12 00	16 00	20 00	30 00	40 00
3	3 00	4 50	6 00	9 00	12 00	15 00	18 00	24 00	30 00	45 00	60 00
4	4 00	6 00	8 00	12 00	16 00	20 00	24 00	32 00	40 00	60 00	80 00
5	5 00	7 50	10 00	15 00	20 00	25 00	30 00	40 00	50 00	75 00	100 00
6	6 00	9 00	12 00	18 00	24 00	30 00	36 00	48 00	60 00	90 00	120 00
7	7 00	10 50	14 00	21 00	28 00	35 00	42 00	56 00	70 00	105 00	140 00
8	8 00	12 00	16 00	24 00	32 00	40 00	48 00	64 00	80 00	120 00	160 00
9	9 00	13 50	18 00	27 00	36 00	45 00	54 00	72 00	90 00	135 00	180 00
10	10 00	15 00	20 00	30 00	40 00	50 00	60 00	80 00	100 00	150 00	200 00
11	10 00	16 00	22 00	33 00	44 00	55 00	66 00	88 00	110 00	165 00	220 00

Advertisements for three months same proportion, less ten per cent. Six months same proportion, less twenty per cent.

The following lines were written while the first snow of last winter was falling. Though "out of date," they may embody the sentiments of many persons:

When summer days were blighting
With their pestilence and woe,
I panted, frail and failing,
For the coming of the snow.

I knew that from the region
Where the boreas blasts are kept,
The snow upon the rebels
Of the summer would be swept.

I thought if I could linger
Through the pestilence and woe,
I'd gather health and roses
From the drifting of the snow.

I saw the forests fading,
And I knew that by and by,
The gales would sound the Autumn,
And the clouds would mount on high.

I knelt beneath the shadow
Of the leaves that then were brown,
And lifted up my pleas,
As they fluttered dead and down.

The birds forsook their covert,
And the woodland home was low,
For nature was preparing
For the coming of the snow.

* * * * * * *

'Twas eve, when in the distance
I beheld with kindling eye,
The couriers of the winter
Gather dark along the sky.

Then burst o'er hill and mountain
With their awful front and form,
The fierce and frowning columns
Of the tempest and the storm.

A chill ran through the valleys
As the winds their couriers drove,
And tuned my languid pulses
To the stormy notes above.

Ah! see the clouds are drifting
Far along, all white and low,
And yonder floats in triumph
The banner of the snow.

How beautiful! around me,
The flakes are falling fast;
Thank God, I cry delighted,
The snow is come at last!

It falls like mercy, silent,
From the treasures of the air,
And like the smile of beauty,
It glistens everywhere.

I stand amid the pelting,
Where the volume vast is buried,
And bless the clouds of heaven
For snowing on the world.

Roll on, ye misty billows,
Sending now so white and low,
Ye bring the joyous bridal
Of the forest and the snow!

F. Y. R.

The Israelitish Press and General Grant.

The following forcible extracts are from an able article in the last number of the *Israelite*, published at Cincinnati:

The argument which, in behalf of our co-religionists, we offered against the nomination of General Grant to the Presidency, made the round in the Democratic papers all over the country, and found a re-echo in some religious publications; but it fell dead upon the Republican press, not because many of those writers did not perceive the justice of our complaints, but on account of the caucus tyranny, the despotism of a time-serving policy, shaped and enforced by a few leading men, who check and gag the press more efficiently than Austrian press regulations did in the first half of this century, although, God knows, those regulations were oppressive enough. Our popular orators are very fluent in their declamations on the blessings of a free press, the glorious paladium of civil and religious liberty; our Republican friends especially are ever ready in the declaration of broad and enlightened principles of humanity, justice, and freedom to all. But caucus tyranny and policy despotism override every other consideration, and the press is gagged, as dumb and dead, as in the palmy days of Nesselrode, Matternich and Abel, as though Cardinal Antonelli was censor of the Republican organs. In those very centers of trade in the United States, in New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, Louisville and other large cities, where Jewish merchants, bankers, manufacturers and artizans exercise a vast influence on the growth of commerce, the progress of industry, and the growing prosperity of the respective cities, where thousands of them voted the Republican ticket, support Republican organs, and spend their time and talent in Republican politics—in those very centers the Republican press ignored our argument against the nomination of General Grant, not because they do not perceive its justice, we must repeat it, even not because they do not sympathize with us, we know many do; merely and exclusively, because they are gagged by caucus tyranny and policy despotism. Thank Heaven for the existence of an opposition press and an opposition party, or else we might be sold out altogether, with the constitution and the flag, and the Goddess of Liberty, despite of all the just protestations and the loud shrieks of the oppressed ones, which the party organs have no right to hear or to notice, if the caucus and the policy require it so. It is a mystery to us how gentlemen of talent, learning, honor and independence, as undoubtedly many Republican editors are, can submit to such an Iron rule, and not even dare demur.

What means this silence? Is it submission to principles? By no means; it is submission to caucus commands. For all those caucus kings and policy depots know full well that General Grant is no statesman. He is not urged upon the people, because they believe him to be the man of the age, to meet the emergencies, to carry the country successfully through this crisis, or to benefit her in any shape or form which others could not do much better. They do not consider the General equally competent for the Presidency with Chase or Morton, Colfax or Fessenden. They are well informed, no doubt. But General Grant is the most available man; they think he is most popular among the masses. It is not quite certain that he is a Republican, his antecedents are Democratic, and electing him, they know full well, if he is not much more pliable than successful soldiers usually are, they might again "catch a tartar," precisely as they have done before. What that taciturn Junius Brutus will do when his time has come, nobody knows. Hence it is not principle; it means the bread and butter. It means office or patronage. It means money and nothing but money, money in the front and in the rear, and money in the center. It is a mutual insurance company: "you tickle me and I tickle you." Still men of honor and literary reputation, men whom Providence has appointed by lavishing upon them gifts of grace, to be the guardians of justice, the beacon lights of liberty, and the banner bearers of truth, must submit in dead silence to the dictation of inferior talents who parcel out the bread and butter. "Virtue must blush before vice." Is not this tyranny, is it not despotism in a most awkward form? Is this submission and this silence honorable? We leave it to our learned and gifted cotemporaries to reply to the queries.

* * * * * * *

Or are we gone thus far beyond redemption that all considerations of honor, justice and divine reprobation have no weight, where the bread and butter come in question? Are we thus far enslaved that the literati of the age lay prostrated at the feet of their stewards? Has, with the freedom of the negro, the slavery of the intellect and the abolition of justice come? If so, look out for some Elijah, Paul, Demosthenes, Cicero or Cato, who will conjure the fire from heaven, to put to shame and confusion all the priests and prophets of Baal, to separate the precious metal from the dross. If it is so, it cannot remain so. The cause of justice, liberty and humanity is divine and eternal; parties, utilitarians and shrewd stewards are chaff before the wind. God has planted this nation between these oceans, not indeed for the purpose of feeding her officers and servants; she is here to be a faithful mother to all her children; woe to the faithless son who injures one of them. She is here to instruct the human family in the great lessons of justice and freedom. She must fulfill her mission, however numerous the prejudices and the obstacles may be she has to overcome, the narrow minds she has to expand, and the foes she has to vanquish. Those small, feeble and perishable utilitarians, without justice, without generosity, without magnanimity, will not arrest the triumphal car of a just Providence; it may crush them out of existence, but the majestic car rolls on, and in it and with it the majesty of thirty millions guardians of justice and liberty, glittering in the golden armament of divine power and divine appointment. Look out for your bread and butter, all ye small souls; men bow with holy reverence before the Eternal God of justice.

A Chicago genius has invented an apparatus by means of which a person lying in bed can light a fire in the morning by simply turning a key.

The Ohio Senate has struck a vital blow at the root of an evil. By a vote of twenty-six to one, it has passed the bill first introduced and passed in the House, for the prevention of prize fighting within the limits of the State.

Mr. Richard Henry Dana, who is one of the counsel in the case of Jefferson Davis, the other President who is now awaiting trial, has left for home, as there will not be anything done at Richmond until May.

INSURANCE.

ST. LOUIS MUTUAL LIFE
Insurance Company.

HOME OFFICE, No. 513 Olive Street,
ST. LOUIS.

D. A. JANUARY, President.
JAS. H. LUCAS, Vice President.
WM. T. SELBY, Secretary.
WM. N. BENTON, General Agent.

DIRECTORS:

James H. Lucas, Samuel Wilkl, Theodore Lavelle, Chas. H. Peck, Thos. E. Wood, Miles Vale, Geo. R. Taubman, Robert E. Carr, John F. Thornton, David K. Ferguson, Hon. John Hogan, Henry Overstolz, Nicholas Schaefer, William T. Oxy, Wm. C. Jackson, R. P. Hanenkamp, L. H. Sawyer, D. A. January, Wm. J. Lewis, F. Rosier, Jr., Jacob Tamm.

Assets, Jan'y 1, 1868, over $2,500,000

Issues Policies on ALL THE MOST APPROVED NON-FORFEITING PLANS, on as good terms as any Company.

No Restrictions upon Acclimated Persons, or to RESIDENCE or TRAVEL.

MEMPHIS BOARD OF REFERENCE.

Wormeley, Joy & Co., Aydlett, Robinson & Co., S. M. Webb & Co., Tod, Phillips & Co., Lacey & Mosher, H. Chrisman, A. E. Frankland, Jacob Alexander, Clapp, Vance & Anderson, Gen. N. B. Forrest, Gen. J. H. Chalmers, Col. Joseph H. Montgomery, Judge J. F. Carathers Rev. S. H. Ford, D.D., Rev. J. Hemingway, Judge Putnam T. Scruggs, Gallaway, Hampton & Co., DeSoto Insurance Company.

AGENCY OFFICE IN MEMPHIS—No. 43 Madison street, Kil Williams' Block.

STATE AGENTS for West Tennessee, Mississippi, Arkansas and Northern Louisiana.

U. S. OTIS. J. H. McMAHON
Ja15 Agents.

Mississippi Valley Branch
OF THE
KNICKERBOCKER
Mutual Life Insurance Company

At Memphis, Tenn.,

Office No. 18 Knickerbocker Building.

Assets, : : : : $3,000,000

Policies Issued at the Office on all the popular plans, and the General Business transacted on the same terms as with the Home Office of the Company.

DIRECTORS AT MEMPHIS:

HENDERSON OWEN, of Messrs. Owen, McNutt & Co.;
NEWTON FORD, of Messrs. Newton Ford & Co.;
W. H. CHERRY, President Merchants' National Bank;
ALBERT PIKE, Attorney at Law;
S. J. SEWNES, of Messrs. S. J. Sewnes & Co.;
CHARLES C. PARTEE, of Messrs. Partee & Harbert;
CHARLES KORTRECHT, Attorney at Law;
JOHN P. TREZEVANT, of Messrs. Royster, Trezevant & Co.;
JOHN MIROON, of Messrs. Miroon & Co.;
NAT. S. GREEN, of Messrs. N. S. Green & Co.;
J. STANWOOD MENKEN, of Messrs. Menken Bros.;
M. F. KENNEDY, of Messrs. Kennedy, Williams & Russell.

MEDICAL EXAMINERS:

R. W. MITCHELL, M.D.,
FRANK HICK, M.D.

MANAGERS:

S. R. CLARKE & CO.

Ja19

G. W. L. CROOK,
GENERAL
Marine, Life & Fire Insurance Agent
No. 279 1-2 Main Street.

NONE but sound, liberal and prompt paying companies represented.

DE SOTO
Insurance and Trust Company
OF MEMPHIS,
Office in Company's Building,
No. 42 Madison Street.
CAPITAL, : : : : $300,000

Board of Directors:

WM. M. FARRINGTON, S. B. CHURCH,
W. R. GALBREATH, J. J. RAWLINS,
JOHN JOHNSON, J. GOYER,
W. R. GREENLAW.

WM. M. FARRINGTON, President.

This Company insures against loss by Fire, Marine and River risks. ja15

HERNANDO
INSURANCE COMPANY
No. 17 Madison Street.

THIS Company is now doing a general Insurance business. Its stock is owned by our city merchants and business men. Its aim is to do a safe local business—to the advantage of both the insured and the Forked Deer Basin.

S. B. WILLIAMSON, President.

Directors:

R. McDAVITT, N. J. BEACHAM,
D. R. TOWNSEND, S. B. WILLIAMSON,
A. VACCARO, HENRY LLOYD,
G. H. DUNSCOMB.

BEN MAY, Secretary.

Of one hundred and five students now in attendance at the University of North Carolina, only two are from Tennessee.

LIQUORS, ETC.

DAN ABLE & CO.,
Successors of
Hatch & Able and Hatch, Maurice & Co.,
DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Liquors,
ALCOHOL,
Proof Spirits and High Wines,
No. 218 Walnut Street.

BOOKS & STATIONERY

CHURCH & CO.,
Successors to Bielock & Co.,
WHOLESALE
BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS

MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS for everything required by the trade.

We are Special Agents for the Publications of
A. S. BARNES & CO.,
D. APPLETON & CO.,
J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO.,
HARPER, WILSON & HINKLE, and others.

Also, for
Fairchild's Celebrated Gold Pens,
Holbrook's School Apparatus,
Sherwood's School Furniture, etc., etc.

Our lines of PAPER and ENVELOPES, the best in the market. Every variety of OFFICE STATIONERY and BLANK BOOKS always on hand.

PRINTING AND BINDING

Executed in the neatest manner under our own supervision.

INITIAL STAMPING, Plain and Colored, neatly done.

LATEST PUBLICATIONS always on hand at PUBLISHERS' PRICES.

Remember the old stand, 315 Main street.

ja31 CHURCH & CO.

BOOKS.
Law Books,
School Books,
Novels,
And a Fine Stock of Stationery at
C. C. CLEAVES & CO.'S,
No. 317 Second Street, Corner of Monroe.
no13

RAILROADS.

QUICK TIME EAST
BY THE
Memphis & Louisville Railroad Line

Only 61 Hours and 43 Minutes to New York,
21 Hours to Louisville, 15 1-4 Hours to Nashville, and 21 1-2 Hours to St Louis.

DOUBLE DAILY TRAINS CONTINUED

BOTH Trains making direct Through Connections to all Northern Cities, an advantage offered by no other route from Memphis.

Commencing Monday, March 9, 1868,

Trains will leave Memphis as follows:

7:00 A.M., Morning Express } and { 4:00 P.M. Night Express

The 7:00 A.M. Morning Express reaches Louisville at 4:00 A.M.; Lindsayville at 10 A.M.; Cincinnati at 12 noon, and New York at 9.30 P.M., the next day, 7 hours and 40 minutes in advance of any train leaving Memphis the same day by other routes, and with one night less railroad travel.

The 4 P.M. Night Express arrives at Louisville at 1:30 P.M.; Nashville at 8 A.M., and Cincinnati at 10 P.M., the next day. Eastern passengers taking this Train have chance of routes from Louisville either by the Jeffersonville Railroad via Cincinnati or Indianapolis, or the United States Mail Line steamers via Cincinnati, reaching New York the second morning eleven hours and fifteen minutes in advance of passengers taking this Train from Memphis by any other route, and with one night less railroad travel.

THROUGH TICKETS

Can be procured at the

Company's Office, 237 1-2 Main Street

CORNER OF JEFFERSON,

or at Depot head of Main street; also, at Overton Hotel, and of Lacy Harris & Co., Corner of the Madison street and Garrison Checked as Baggage to any point on the Memphis City Railroad Company; at Hotels, Private Residences, or on board boats arriving at Memphis to any of the principal Cities.

SAM. R. JONES, Superintendent.
ASA HILL, Passenger Agent. mh16

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE

Memphis and Charleston Railroad

Double Daily Trains Resumed

THE Short Route and Quick Time to NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE and WASHINGTON CITY.

53 hours and 15 minutes to Washington.
63 hours and 37 minutes to New York.

Quick Time and Close Connections via DECATUR and NASHVILLE to LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI and ALL POINTS NORTH AND WEST.

15 hours and 15 minutes to Nashville.

TRAINS WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Two Daily Trains.

Through Mail Leaves Memphis.....12:45 p m
Through Mail Arrives at Memphis.....5:00 p m
Through Express Leaves Memphis.....5:00 p m
Through Express Arrives at Memphis.....10:45 p m

Through Express does not leave Saturdays or arrive Sundays.

Making close connections at Grand Junction, Corinth, Decatur, Stevenson and Chattanooga for all points South, East and North. Shortest and Quickest Route to Chattanooga, Knoxville, Atlanta, Augusta, Macon, Charleston, Savannah, Columbus, Ga., and Montgomery, Ala.

The 12:45 P. M. is the Fast Through Train

for all points East and North, and stops ONLY at Collierville, Lafayette, Moscow, Lagrange, Grand Junction, Pocahontas, Corinth, Burnsville, Iuka, Tuscumbia, Jonesboro, Courtland, Trinity, Decatur, Huntsville, Bellefonte and Stevenson.

Passengers for any other station on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad MUST NOT take this train.

This Train connects at Grand Junction with Trains both ways on the Mississippi Central Railroad.

Train leaves Memphis at 5:00 p.m., and connects at Corinth with train on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad going South, at 3:35 p.m., to Mobile, etc.

Somerville Accommodation leaves at.....5:00 p m
Somerville Accommodation arrives at.....8:35 p m

Fare to all points as low as by any other route.

Baggage Checked, apply at No. 275 Main street, corner South St. and at Depot. Hacks and Omnibuses at Charleston Depot. Baggage Checked Through to all Points

J. W. ROSS,
mh11 General Superintendent.

DR. RUSSELL'S
Private Medical Dispensary
Established in 1859,
AND THE ONLY RELIABLE PLACE FOR THE CURE OF
PRIVATE DISEASES.

DR. RUSSELL, No. 49 NORTH COURT STREET, north side of Court Square, Memphis, Tenn., is acknowledged by all parties in attendance as by far

The Most Successful Physician

in the treatment of Private or Secret Diseases. Quick, thorough and permanent cures guaranteed in every case made or female. Recent cases of GONORRHŒA, and SYPHILIS cured in a few days, without the use of Mercury, change of diet, or hindrance from business. GLEET, STRICTURE, and the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary loss of semen stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency or Loss of sexual power restored to true vigor in a few weeks. Those of a delicate nature, or standing in the married relation, or evidences of self-abuse, when all internal remedies have failed, permanently and speedily cured by a new remedial agent.

Victims of SELF-ABUSE and excessive Venery, suffering from SPERMATORRHŒA, or Seminal Emissions, Paralysis, Deafness, etc., treated on the latest and most successful principles. Call and consult DR. RUSSELL, the OLD AND RELIABLE SPECIALIST. Office hours from 8 A.M. to 8 P.M. mh15

St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company.

STATE AGENCY OFFICE, No. 43 MADISON ST., MEMPHIS, TENN., March 1, 1868.

THE Special Agency for this Company of W. B. Poindexter, Esq., for the counties of Phillips, Lonoke, Pulaski and Monroe, in Arkansas, having been withdrawn, the business of that County will hereafter be managed by S. V. WILKERSON, who has been appointed the special agent for said district.

S. V. WILKERSON,
mh14 State Agent.

LEGAL.

Attachment Suit.

Municipal Court of the City of Memphis.—Clerk's Office March 5, 1868.—No. 1458. A. D.—C. T. Ames and Mary Ames, Plaintiffs, vs. Haight & Chambers, Defendants.

AFFIDAVIT for attachment having been made in this case in pursuance of section 3639 of the Code of Tennessee, and attachment having been issued and returned by the proper officer, "levied," etc., on the property of the defendants: It is therefore ordered that said defendants appear at my office in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday in April, 1868, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy—Attest. L. B. EATON, Clerk.

By R. J. BLACK, Deputy C. & M.
FINLAY & KELLAR, Solicitors for Complainant. mh1

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a deed executed to me on the 28th day of January, 1867, by R. P. Plummer, and recorded in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tennessee, in book No. 81, pages 26, 27, conveying the interest of said Plummer in a certain leasehold for the purpose of securing a debt due to the Franklin Insurance Company, I shall,

On Friday, April 10, 1868,

Between the hours of eleven and twelve o'clock, proceed to sell upon the premises all the interest and title of the said P. Plummer in a certain lot in the city of Memphis, on the north side of Washington street, which said lot is described as follows in a certain deed from Sealins Lorent to R. S. Plummer, of record in the Register's office, in book 9, pages 162, 163, viz: Beginning at a stake on the north side of Washington street, thirty-one (31) feet and six (6) inches west of John Park's (3) feet lot, running thence one hundred and fifty (150) feet, more or less, to the alley between Washington street and Poplar; thence eastwardly with the south side of said alley thirty-one (31) feet and six inches to John Park's line; thence southwardly with John Park's line one hundred and fifty (150) ft., more or less, to Washington street; thence westwardly thirty-one feet and six inches to the beginning. The lease of the said Plummer was for a term of fifty years from the 6th of June, 1855, and has upwards of thirty-four years still to run. The property is worth $6,000. An investment having uniformly yielded a remunerative rental.

mh27 LAW. S. MARYE, Trustee.

To the Distributees of Wyatt Moye, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given to the distributees and parties interested in the estate of Wyatt Moye, deceased, their agents, attorneys and proper representatives, that I have filed my petition in the county Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, to resign my administration of said estate; and, in pursuance of the order of said Court, I now give notice that on the second Monday in April next, at the Court House in Memphis, I shall present said petition and ask to have my accounts passed and my resignation accepted. The distributees may be present on that day, or at such thereafter as the Court will reach and take up the matter, and take such action as they may see proper.

ROBERT S. ADAMS,
Administrator of Wyatt Moye, deceased.
mh17

No. 2578—N. B. D.—In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee—Insolvent and Creditor's Notice—John Malfum, Administrator, vs. Heirs at Law, &c., of the estate of James H. Markham deceased, vs. John H. Holt and wife et al.

IN this cause the Executor and Executrix of the estate of James H. Markham, deceased, has been suggested, the creditors thereof made parties defendant to the bill, whose names and places of residence are unknown, and an order entered directing publication to be made; it is therefore ordered, that they make their appearance herein at the Court House in the city of Memphis, Tennessee on or before the first Monday in June, 1868, and file and establish their claims against said estate, or the same will be forever barred and the cause set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for three months in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy—Attest. AUGUSTUS ALSTON,
Clerk and Master.
By H. J. BLACK, Deputy C. & M.
HALLUM, CHALMERS & TURLEY, Solicitors for Complainant. mh8

Attachment Suit.

Harrison Jones vs. Jefferson Haskin.

AFFIDAVIT for attachment having been made in this cause in pursuance of section 3639 of the Code of Tennessee, and attachment having been issued and returned by the proper officer, "levied, etc.," on the property of the defendant: It is therefore ordered, that said defendant appear at my office in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on or before the fourth day of April, 1868, and defend this suit, or the same will be taken as confessed, and the case set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy—Attest. AUGUSTUS ALSTON,
Clerk and Master.
By R. J. BLACK, Deputy C. & M.
LOSWOOD & PEYTON, Attorneys for Plaintiff.
Printer paid $5. mh7

No. 2561—In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee—Wm. Orgill, Edmund Orgill, G. L. Denison and A. S. McNear, firm of Orgill Brothers & Co., vs. E. F. Beech, Dass, firm of Beech & Dass, et al.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendants Beech & Dass are non-residents of the State of Tennessee; it is therefore ordered, that they make their appearance herein at the Court House in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday in April, 1868, and plead, answer or demur to complainants' bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy—Attest. AUGUSTUS ALSTON,
Clerk and Master.
By H. J. BLACK, Deputy C. & M.
BARTY, WADDELL & McDOWELL, Sols. for Complainants. mh6

Administrator's Notice.

HAVING qualified as administrator de bonis non upon the estate of O. B. Seward, deceased, at the February term of the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, I hereby notify all persons holding claims against said estate as a body notified to present the same to me for payment, within the time prescribed by law; and all persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment to me, and those failing to do so will find that I am in a condition to enforce payment. All persons holding claims against said estate, and residing in the city of Memphis, can find me at the north side of Washington street, which said lot is described as follows in a certain deed from Sealins Lorent to R. S. Plummer, of record in the Register's office, in book 9, pages 162, 163, viz: Beginning at a stake on the north side of Washington street, thirty-one (31) feet and six (6) inches west of John Park's (3) feet lot, running thence one hundred and fifty (150) feet, more or less, to the alley between Washington street and Poplar; thence eastwardly with the south side of said alley thirty-one (31) feet and six inches to John Park's line; thence southwardly with John Park's line one hundred and fifty (150) ft., more or less, to Washington street; thence westwardly thirty-one feet and six inches to the beginning. The lease of the said Plummer was for a term of fifty years from the 6th of June, 1855, and has upwards of thirty-four years still to run. The property is worth $6,000. An investment having uniformly yielded a remunerative rental.

mh27 LAW. S. MARYE, Trustee.

To the Distributees of Wyatt Moye, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given to the distributees and parties interested in the estate of Wyatt Moye, deceased, their agents, attorneys and proper representatives, that I have filed my petition in the county Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, to resign my administration of said estate; and, in pursuance of the order of said Court, I now give notice that on the second Monday in April next, at the Court House in Memphis, I shall present said petition and ask to have my accounts passed and my resignation accepted. The distributees may be present on that day, or at such thereafter as the Court will reach and take up the matter, and take such action as they may see proper.

ROBERT S. ADAMS,
Administrator of Wyatt Moye, deceased.
mh17

No. 2578—N. B. D.—In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee—Insolvent and Creditor's Notice—John Malfum, Administrator, vs. Heirs at Law, &c., of the estate of James H. Markham deceased, vs. John H. Holt and wife et al.

IN this cause the Executor and Executrix of the estate of James H. Markham, deceased, has been suggested, the creditors thereof made parties defendant to the bill, whose names and places of residence are unknown, and an order entered directing publication to be made; it is therefore ordered, that they make their appearance herein at the Court House in the city of Memphis, Tennessee on or before the first Monday in June, 1868, and file and establish their claims against said estate, or the same will be forever barred and the cause set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for three months in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy—Attest. AUGUSTUS ALSTON,
Clerk and Master.
By H. J. BLACK, Deputy C. & M.
HALLUM, CHALMERS & TURLEY, Solicitors for Complainant. mh8

Attachment Suit.

Harrison Jones vs. Jefferson Haskin.

AFFIDAVIT for attachment having been made in this cause in pursuance of section 3639 of the Code of Tennessee, and attachment having been issued and returned by the proper officer, "levied, etc.," on the property of the defendant: It is therefore ordered, that said defendant appear at my office in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on or before the fourth day of April, 1868, and defend this suit, or the same will be taken as confessed, and the case set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy—Attest. AUGUSTUS ALSTON,
Clerk and Master.
By H. J. BLACK, Deputy C. & M.
LOSWOOD & PEYTON, Attorneys for Plaintiff.
Printer paid $5. mh7

No. 2561—In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee—Wm. Orgill, Edmund Orgill, G. L. Denison and A. S. McNear, firm of Orgill Brothers & Co., vs. E. F. Beech, Dass, firm of Beech & Dass, et al.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendants Beech & Dass are non-residents of the State of Tennessee; it is therefore ordered, that they make their appearance herein at the Court House in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday in April, 1868, and plead, answer or demur to complainants' bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy—Attest. AUGUSTUS ALSTON,
Clerk and Master.
By H. J. BLACK, Deputy C. & M.
FINLAY & KELLAR, Solicitors for Complainant. mh1

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a deed executed to me on the 28th day of January, 1867, by R. P. Plummer, and recorded in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tennessee, in book No. 81, pages 26, 27, conveying the interest of said Plummer in a certain leasehold for the purpose of securing a debt due to the Franklin Insurance Company, I shall,

On Friday, April 10, 1868,

Between the hours of eleven and twelve o'clock, proceed to sell upon the premises all the interest and title of the said P. Plummer in a certain lot in the city of Memphis, on the north side of Washington street, which said lot is described as follows in a certain deed from Sealins Lorent to R. S. Plummer, of record in the Register's office, in book 9, pages 162, 163, viz: Beginning at a stake on the north side of Washington street, thirty-one (31) feet and six (6) inches west of John Park's (3) feet lot, running thence one hundred and fifty (150) feet, more or less, to the alley between Washington street and Poplar; thence eastwardly with the south side of said alley thirty-one (31) feet and six inches to John Park's line; thence southwardly with John Park's line one hundred and fifty (150) ft., more or less, to Washington street; thence westwardly thirty-one feet and six inches to the beginning. The lease of the said Plummer was for a term of fifty years from the 6th of June, 1855, and has upwards of thirty-four years still to run. The property is worth $6,000. An investment having uniformly yielded a remunerative rental.

mh27 LAW. S. MARYE, Trustee.

To the Distributees of Wyatt Moye, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given to the distributees and parties interested in the estate of Wyatt Moye, deceased, their agents, attorneys and proper representatives, that I have filed my petition in the county Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, to resign my administration of said estate; and, in pursuance of the order of said Court, I now give notice that on the second Monday in April next, at the Court House in Memphis, I shall present said petition and ask to have my accounts passed and my resignation accepted. The distributees may be present on that day, or at such thereafter as the Court will reach and take up the matter, and take such action as they may see proper.

ROBERT S. ADAMS,
Administrator of Wyatt Moye, deceased.
mh17

No. 2578—N. B. D.—In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee—Insolvent and Creditor's Notice—John Malfum, Administrator, vs. Heirs at Law, &c., of the estate of James H. Markham deceased, vs. John H. Holt and wife et al.

IN this cause the Executor and Executrix of the estate of James H. Markham, deceased, has been suggested, the creditors thereof made parties defendant to the bill, whose names and places of residence are unknown, and an order entered directing publication to be made; it is therefore ordered, that they make their appearance herein at the Court House in the city of Memphis, Tennessee on or before the first Monday in June, 1868, and file and establish their claims against said estate, or the same will be forever barred and the cause set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for three months in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy—Attest. AUGUSTUS ALSTON,
Clerk and Master.
By H. J. BLACK, Deputy C. & M.
HALLUM, CHALMERS & TURLEY, Solicitors for Complainant. mh8

Attachment Suit.

Harrison Jones vs. Jefferson Haskin.

AFFIDAVIT for attachment having been made in this cause in pursuance of section 3639 of the Code of Tennessee, and attachment having been issued and returned by the proper officer, "levied, etc.," on the property of the defendant: It is therefore ordered, that said defendant appear at my office in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on or before the fourth day of April, 1868, and defend this suit, or the same will be taken as confessed, and the case set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy—Attest. AUGUSTUS ALSTON,
Clerk and Master.
By H. J. BLACK, Deputy C. & M.
LOSWOOD & PEYTON, Attorneys for Plaintiff.
Printer paid $5. mh7

No. 2561—In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee—Wm. Orgill, Edmund Orgill, G. L. Denison and A. S. McNear, firm of Orgill Brothers & Co., vs. E. F. Beech, Dass, firm of Beech & Dass, et al.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendants Beech & Dass are non-residents of the State of Tennessee; it is therefore ordered, that they make their appearance herein at the Court House in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday in April, 1868, and plead, answer or demur to complainants' bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy—Attest. AUGUSTUS ALSTON,
Clerk and Master.
By H. J. BLACK, Deputy C. & M.
FINLAY & KELLAR, Solicitors for Complainant. mh1

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a deed executed to me on the 28th day of January, 1867, by R. P. Plummer, and recorded in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tennessee, in book No. 81, pages 26, 27, conveying the interest of said Plummer in a certain leasehold for the purpose of securing a debt due to the Franklin Insurance Company, I shall,

On Friday, April 10, 1868,

Between the hours of eleven and twelve o'clock, proceed to sell upon the premises all the interest and title of the said P. Plummer in a certain lot in the city of Memphis, on the north side of Washington street, which said lot is described as follows in a certain deed from Sealins Lorent to R. S. Plummer, of record in the Register's office, in book 9, pages 162, 163, viz: Beginning at a stake on the north side of Washington street, thirty-one (31) feet and six (6) inches west of John Park's (3) feet lot, running thence one hundred and fifty (150) feet, more or less, to the alley between Washington street and Poplar; thence eastwardly with the south side of said alley thirty-one (31) feet and six inches to John Park's line; thence southwardly with John Park's line one hundred and fifty (150) ft., more or less, to Washington street; thence westwardly thirty-one feet and six inches to the beginning. The lease of the said Plummer was for a term of fifty years from the 6th of June, 1855, and has upwards of thirty-four years still to run. The property is worth $6,000. An investment having uniformly yielded a remunerative rental.

mh27 LAW. S. MARYE, Trustee.

To the Distributees of Wyatt Moye, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given to the distributees and parties interested in the estate of Wyatt Moye, deceased, their agents, attorneys and proper representatives, that I have filed my petition in the county Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, to resign my administration of said estate; and, in pursuance of the order of said Court, I now give notice that on the second Monday in April next, at the Court House in Memphis, I shall present said petition and ask to have my accounts passed and my resignation accepted. The distributees may be present on that day, or at such thereafter as the Court will reach and take up the matter, and take such action as they may see proper.

ROBERT S. ADAMS,
Administrator of Wyatt Moye, deceased.
mh17

No. 2578—N. B. D.—In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee—Insolvent and Creditor's Notice—John Malfum, Administrator, vs. Heirs at Law, &c., of the estate of James H. Markham deceased, vs. John H. Holt and wife et al.

IN this cause the Executor and Executrix of the estate of James H. Markham, deceased, has been suggested, the creditors thereof made parties defendant to the bill, whose names and places of residence are unknown, and an order entered directing publication to be made; it is therefore ordered, that they make their appearance herein at the Court House in the city of Memphis, Tennessee on or before the first Monday in June,